

# Achilles Therapeutics Al-Powered Precision TIL Therapy

August 2022

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#### Precision targeting for solid tumors using clonal neoantigen-reactive T cells (cNeT)





#### Clonal neoantigens: a novel class of cancer target present on all tumor cells

Developed a proprietary AI platform (PELEUS®) validated on real world patient data (TRACERx study)



#### Trackable precision T cell therapies

Able to target multiple tumor antigens with unprecedented precision and tracking in patients



#### Differentiated, scalable manufacturing

VELOS™ manufacturing process designed to be closed and automated for commercial scale





#### Multiple near-term catalysts

Additional clinical data in NSCLC (CHIRON) and melanoma (THETIS) in 4Q 2022



#### Strong cash position

Cash runway of \$202M (June 30, 2022) supports all planned operations into 2Q 2025

#### Experienced leadership with decades in cell therapy drug development





Iraj Ali CEO

Syncona McKinsey&Company



Sergio Quezada **CSO** 











**Robert Coutts CFO** 

KPMG

Syncona



Jim Taylor **CBO** 





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**Shree Patel EVP**, Patient Supply **Operations** 

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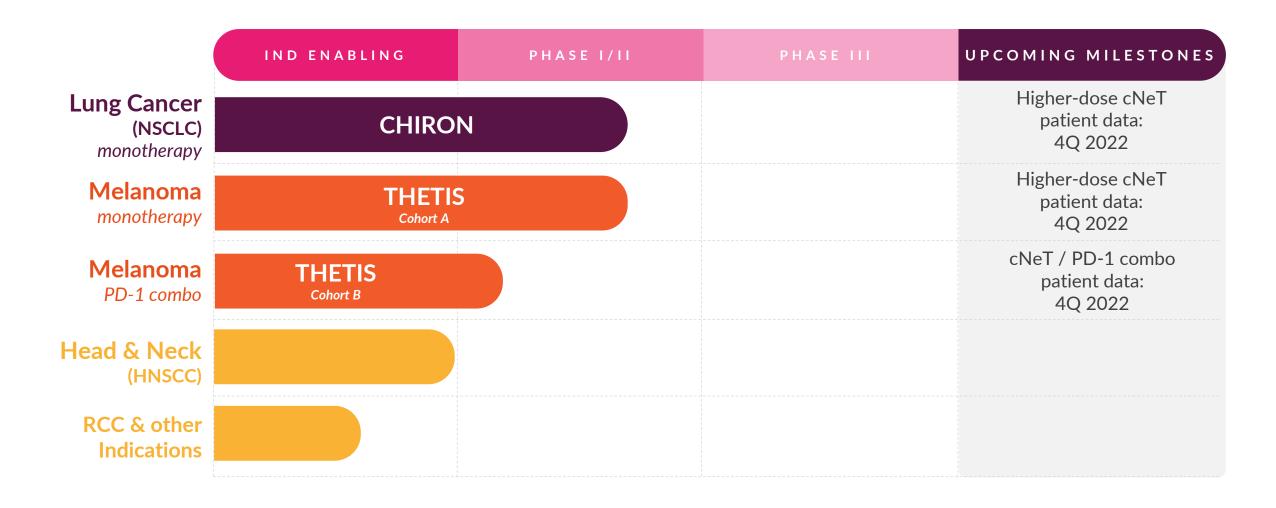


**Ed Samuel** EVP, Technical Operations



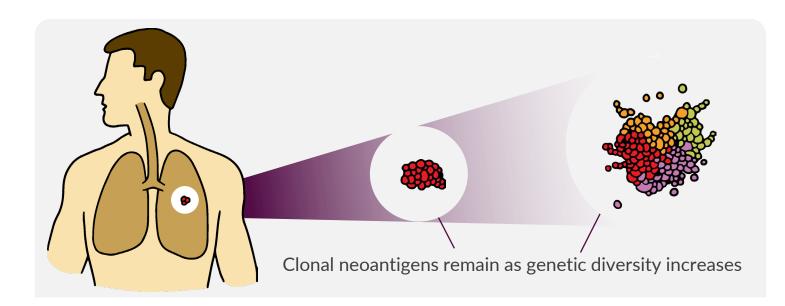
### Differentiated pipeline of precision T cell therapies across multiple solid tumors



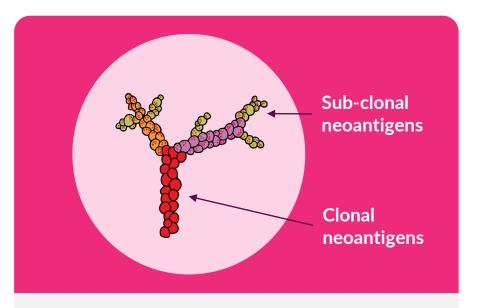


#### Ideal cancer targets: clonal neoantigens present on all tumor cells and absent from healthy tissue





- Tumors are constantly evolving and acquiring new mutations
- Genetic diversity enables tumors to develop resistance to standard therapies (e.g., loss of a target) which leads to disease relapse
- Despite increased genetic diversity the original mutations (clonal neoantigens) always remain<sup>1</sup>
- Achilles' technology identifies the original (clonal) mutations and enables targeting of multiple antigens present only on tumor cells



#### Clonal neoantigens are

- Original mutations formed early in tumor evolution
- Expressed on all cancer cells<sup>1</sup> and absent from healthy tissue
- Found in multiple tumor types as tumor evolution principles apply across multiple solid cancers

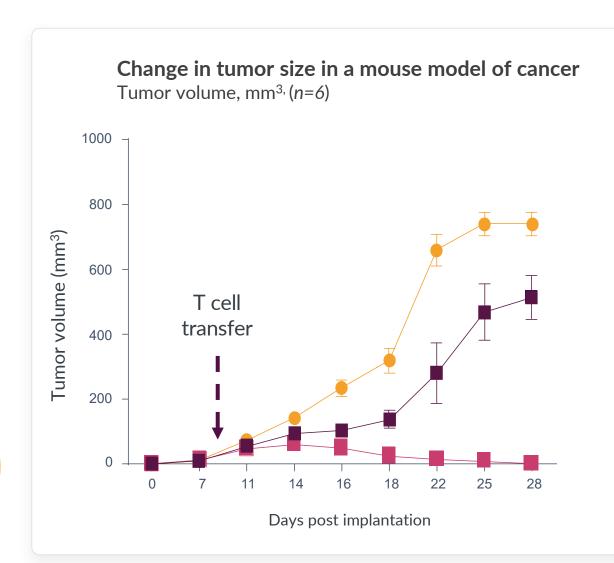
#### Clonality is key to the eradication of tumors



Mice implanted with tumor cells expressing sub-clonal (on a sub-set of cells) and clonal (on all cells) antigens

Mice were then treated with murine T cells reactive to sub-clonal (■) and clonal antigens (■)

Targeting clonal antigens expressed on every tumor cell leads to complete tumor regression in this model



- Untreated
- Subclonal reactive T cells + anti-CTLA-4
- Clonal reactive T cells + anti-CTLA-4



#### PELEUS®: A validated platform for identification of clonal neoantigens powered by Al



### Clonal neoantigen identification is computationally complex

- Solving the heterogenicity problem requires processing of very large DNA data sets
- The process requires multiple steps and has no universally accepted protocol
- 22 groups using the same DNA sequencing data showed <20% overlap of neoantigen identification<sup>1</sup>



Compares tumor DNA to healthy DNA to differentiate clonal and subclonal neoantigens

## Achilles has developed an Alpowered solution

- Accurate neoantigen identification requires an advanced computational approach
- Al and machine learning have been developed to enable accurate and rapid processing of very large complex data sets
- Neoantigen predictions are then validated with real-world patient data

#### Achilles AI-platform is validated with two types of real-world patient data



### TRACER

- Commercial rights to the largest longitudinal patient data set<sup>1-4</sup>
- 3,200 tumor regions collected from 795 NSCLC patients over 5 years
- Multi-region data from primary & metastatic sites to confirm clonal status
- Unparalleled network of 15 NHS sites

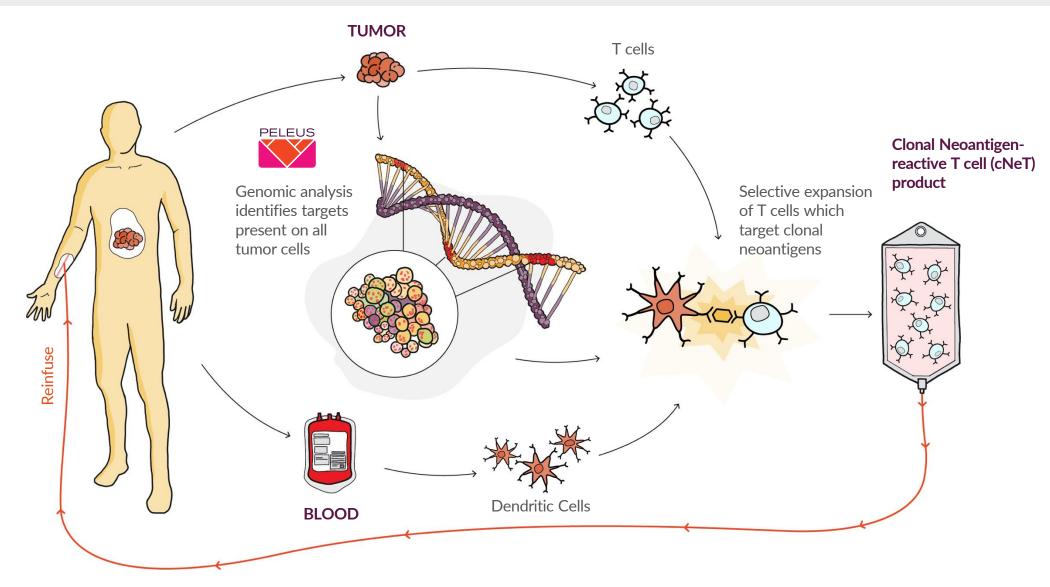


## Reactive T cells are identified against clonal neoantigens

- Identification of T cells reactive to predicted clonal neoantigens in patient samples validates the PELEUS® platform
- Over 120 patients prospectively analyzed to date across multiple cancer types
- Patient tumor samples validate and train PELEUS® AI predictions

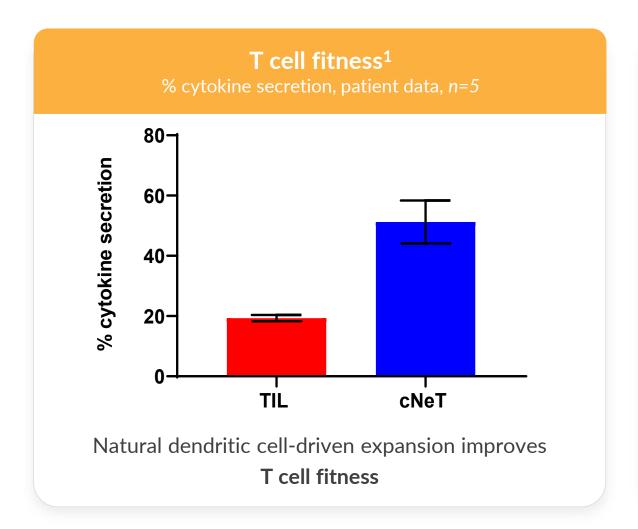
## VELOS™ process delivers precision clonal neoantigen targeting TIL therapy Cutting edge personalized genomics and machine learning enable targeting of all cancer cells





#### cNeT have improved specificity, function and fitness compared to standard TIL



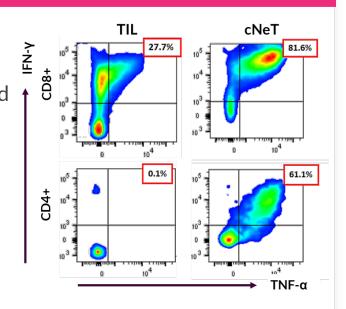


#### 1. Achilles data measuring the ability of T cells to produce inflammatory cytokines in response to the same polyclonal stimulation

#### T cell specificity and function<sup>2</sup>

Cytokine secretion measured through flow cytometric analysis, n=1

VELOS™ selectively
expands tumor-derived
clonal neoantigen
reactive CD4+ and
CD8+ T cells with
improved specificity
and potency



CD4+ and CD8+ T cells can work in concert to deliver robust and durable responses<sup>3-5</sup>

- 2. Achilles' data measuring the production of inflammatory cytokines in response to clonal neoantigens
- 3. Hunder et al., NEJM, 2008
- 4. Church et. al., Eur J Immunol, 2014
  - . Antony et al. J Immunol, 2005

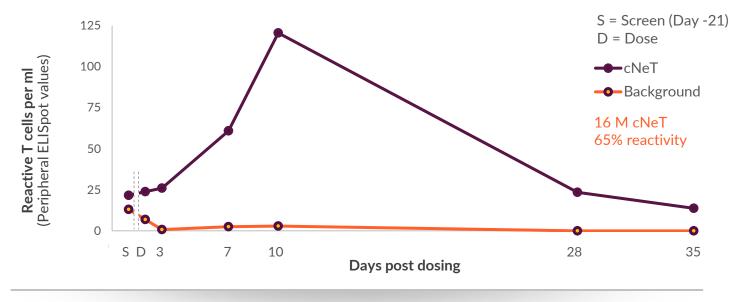
#### Achilles can leverage established regulatory principles to develop a potency assay



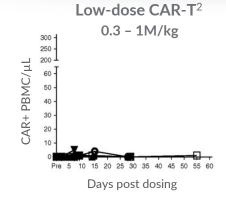
#### The Achilles cNeT platform allows:

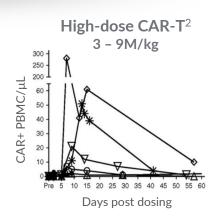
- Quantification of tumor reactivity and cNeT dose for each product (not possible with TIL therapy)
- Determination if increasing cNeT dose improves cNeT persistence and activity as seen in CAR-T therapy
- Correlation of cNeT dose and persistence with anti-tumor effect
- Product release on cNeT dose and basis for potency assays

#### Melanoma Patient Case Study<sup>1</sup>: Expansion and detection of cNeT post-dosing



cNeT have similar patterns of expansion as seen in CAR-T





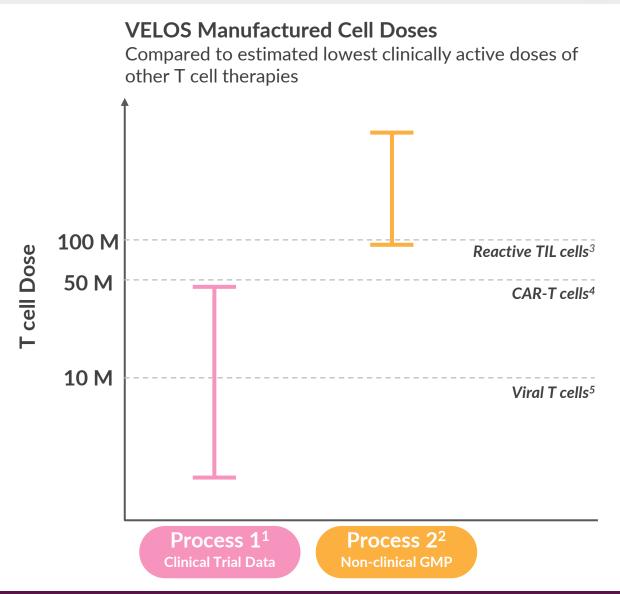
#### Aim to deliver clinical doses of >100M cNeT from our VELOS™ manufacturing process



#### **Process 1** Process 2 Pre-Expansion T cells are harvested Cytokines boost tumorfrom the tumor reactive cell harvest Dendritic cells loaded Optimized DC-driven co-Expansion culture followed by short with clonal peptides activate and drive T cell boost increases final cNeT expansion cNeT dose



- Maintains high functional cell fitness and effector memory phenotype
- Approved in UK, France, Germany & Spain



Process



#### Monotherapy

- Advanced unresectable or metastatic Stage III-Stage IV NSCLC
- Never-smokers and EGFR/ALK/Ros-1 mut excluded
- Open-label
- n = up to 40
- Option to open Cohort B in combination with a PD-1 inhibitor

Evaluating safety, tolerability and activity (RECIST), biomarkers of clinical activity and bespoke ctDNA assay

Ongoing in UK, EU and US

#### Cohort A - Monotherapy

- Recurrent or metastatic malignant melanoma (n = up to 40); Open-label
- Acral, uveal and mucosal melanoma excluded

#### **Cohort B – Combination with PD-1 inhibitor (nivolumab)**

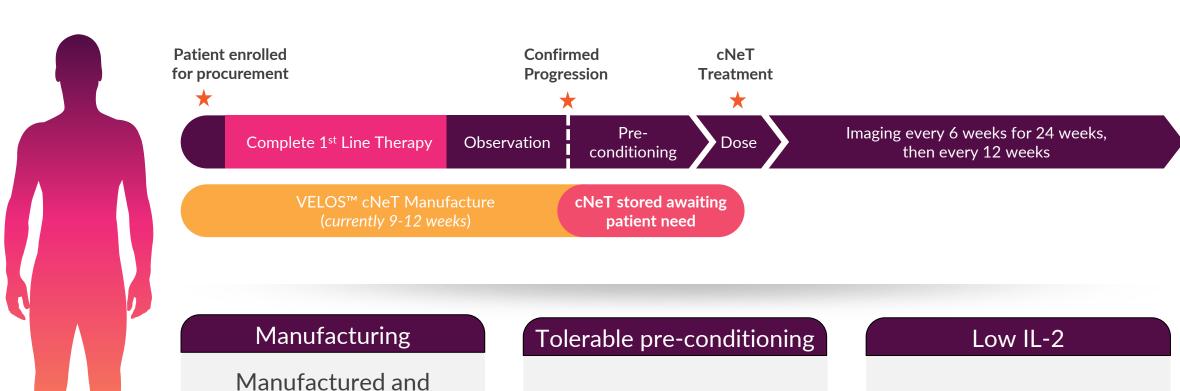
- n = up to 20 checkpoint refractory patients; Open-label
- CPI dosed 7-13 days prior to cNeT and restarted day 14 post-cNeT

Evaluating safety, tolerability and activity (RECIST)

Ongoing in UK, expanding to EU & US

#### cNeT therapies can be readily delivered within standard treatment pathways





Manufactured and cryopreserved for infusion after patient progression

Lower, more tolerable pre-conditioning (cy/flu)

Lower dose IL-2 vs existing TIL therapy

#### cNeT were generally well tolerated in the first eight patients treated in CHIRON & THETIS



#### Heavily pretreated patients with advanced cancer

- 2.5 median lines of prior therapy
- 14.2m median cNeT dose<sup>1</sup> in monotherapy
- All had progressive disease at time of lymphodepletion
- Five recurrent or metastatic malignant melanoma patients (THETIS)
- Three advanced unresectable or metastatic NSCLC patients (CHIRON)

#### cNeT tolerability profile

- Tolerability similar to standard TIL products not enriched for cNeT reactivities
- No higher-grade adverse events more commonly associated with the use of higher doses of IL-2
- Three SAEs deemed unlikely related and one ICANS event deemed to be possibly related to cNeT treatment

#### Initial cNeT doses showed stable disease in advanced patients in CHIRON & THETIS



#### **Activity 6-weeks post treatment**

- Stable disease in 5 of 8 patients<sup>1</sup>
- Tumor reduction in 2 of 4 lesions (55% and 90%) in patient with highest cell dose
- **Engraftment** in 5 of 7 patients, with dose associated response
- 2 to 28 reactivities observed in 7 of 8 cNeT
- Median dose of 14.2 M

| Patient           | cNeT<br>Dose (M) | Reactivity | Engrafted <sup>2</sup> | Best<br>Response |
|-------------------|------------------|------------|------------------------|------------------|
| C-03              | 0.1              | 0.20%      |                        | SD               |
| T-12              | 2                | 13%        | Υ                      | SD               |
| T-09              | 12               | 9%         | N                      | SD               |
| C-11              | 13               | 41%        | Υ                      | SD               |
| T-05              | 16               | 65%        | Υ                      | PD               |
| C-10              | 21               | 3%         | N                      | SD               |
| T-11              | 42               | 5%         | Υ                      | PD               |
| T-02 <sup>3</sup> | 287              | 77%        | Υ                      | PD               |

Median 2.5 lines of prior therapy

Next steps: Explore higher-dose cNeT monotherapy and combination with PD-1 inhibitor

Investigator reported

cNeT detected post infusion

#### Potential for cNeT/PD-1 inhibitor combination in Melanoma (THETIS Cohort B)

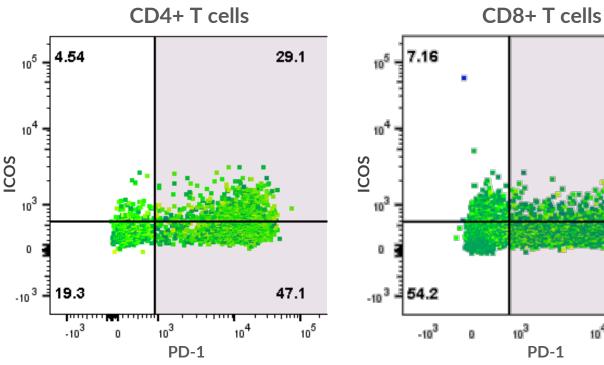


#### Checkpoint molecules in immune regulation

- Normal immune regulation uses immune checkpoints to inhibit T cells from attacking healthy tissue
- Our data show PD-1 checkpoint is upregulated on a fraction of cNeT which could partially reduce anti-tumor activity<sup>1</sup>
- Targeting PD-1 with checkpoint inhibition could further increase cNeT activity

#### TIL-derived cNeT express elevated levels of PD-1 upon antigen encounter<sup>1</sup>

Cell surface marker flow cytometric analysis (n=1)



#### Scale-up of GMP manufacturing for late stage clinical trials and commercial launch

**Cell & Gene Therapy** 

Catapult





GMP facility supporting FiH studies

**GMP** facility supporting open and closed manufacturing process to support clinical and commercial supply

2022

200 annual doses **Center for Breakthrough** Medicine



GMP facility in partnership with CBM, a CDMO in Greater Philadelphia



GMP modular facility to support multiple indications for late stage clinical and commercial supply

150-400\* annual doses

2023

2025/2026

1,000+ annual doses

**Online** 

Peak **Capacity** 

50 annual doses

2019

#### Financial and company highlights



\$202M

CURRENT CASH BALANCE<sup>1</sup>

2Q 2025

CURRENT CASH RUNWAY

#### **Global Operations**



### Key anticipated 2022 milestones and updates



|                                      | 2022                                   |  |                               |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                                      | Q1                                     | Q2   | Q3                            | Q4   |  |  |
| Higher-dose cNeT<br>(Process 2)      |  | First Patient Dose<br>(Process 2)          |                               | Initial Process 2<br>monotherapy<br>patient data |  |  |
| PD-1 + cNeT combo<br>(Process 1 & 2) | Open CPI combo<br>cohort<br>(melanoma) |  | First Patient Dose<br>(combo) | Initial combo<br>patient data                    |  |  |
| Facilities and<br>Manufacturing      | Establish US HQ and R&D                | Catapult GMP License & US CDMO Partnership |                               |  |  |  |
| Tumor Archiving<br>Program (TAP)     |  | Initiate TAP program                       |                               |  |  |  |

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