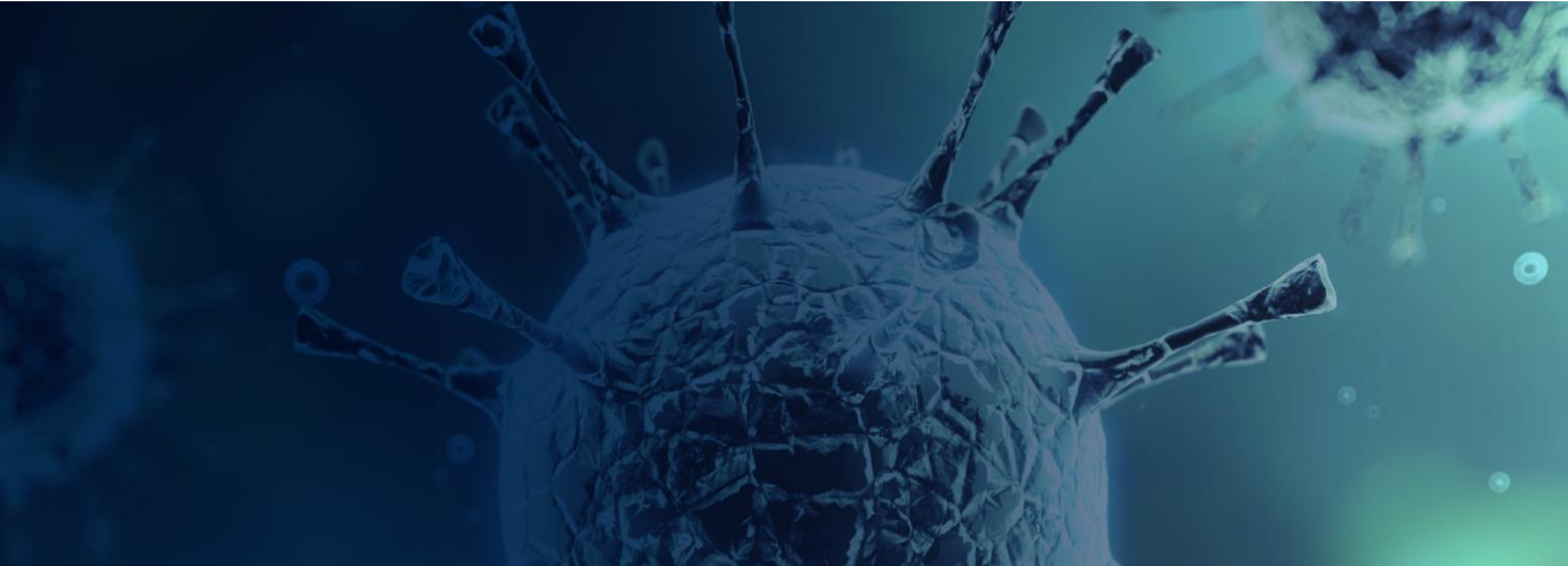


## Developing Next Generation Programmed T Cell Therapies

November 2021

These slides and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, but not limited to, statements about the Company’s anticipated cash runway; the safety, therapeutic potential and commercial opportunity of obe-cel, AUTO3 and AUTO4 and the future clinical development of obe-cel, AUTO3 and AUTO4 including progress, expectations as to the reporting of data, conduct and timing; the Company’s plans to partner AUTO3, the Company’s plans to develop and commercialize its other product candidates and next generation programs including statements regarding the timing of initiation, completion of enrollment and availability of data from the Company’s current preclinical studies and clinical trials; the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on the Company’s business and clinical trials; and the Company’s commercialization, marketing and manufacturing capabilities and strategy. All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including statements regarding the Company’s future results of operations and financial position, business strategy and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “may,” “should,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “could,” “intends,” “target,” “projects,” “contemplates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential” or “continue” or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause the Company’s actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from any future results expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements include the risks described in the “Risk Factors” section of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2020, as well as those set forth from time to time in the Company’s subsequent SEC filings, available at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). All information contained herein is as of the date of the presentation, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing the Company’s views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.



Blackstone Collaboration

## Blackstone Life Sciences to invest up to \$250m to develop obe-cel in adult ALL

Investment of \$100m in equity and up to \$150 million in product financing



- Blackstone has also agreed to purchase \$100 million of Autolus' American Depositary Shares (ADS') in a private placement, which will close on or about November 12
- Blackstone has also committed to invest up to \$150 million in product financing to support obe-cel development and commercialization
  - \$50 million payable upon closing of the transaction
  - Remainder payable based on achievement of certain development and regulatory milestones
- Autolus has agreed to pay Blackstone a capped single digit royalty plus milestone payments based on worldwide net sales of obe-cel
- Blackstone will receive a warrant to purchase up to \$24 million worth of Autolus ADSs at an exercise price premium to market



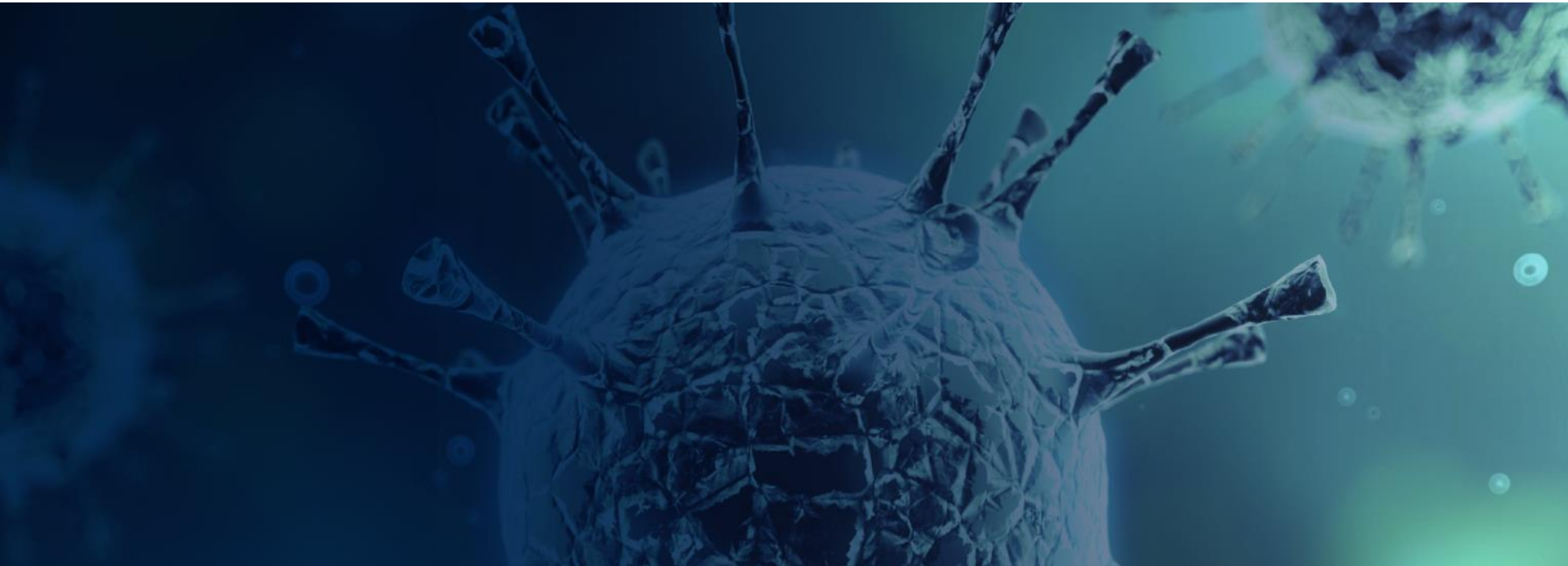
## Strategic collaboration validates commercial opportunity in adult ALL

Collaboration funds development and filing of BLA for obe-cel in r/r adult ALL



- Provides validation of Autolus technology and commercial opportunity in Adult ALL
- Fully funds development and filing of obe-cel in r/r adult ALL, as well as funding commercial and manufacturing infrastructure build
- Allows Autolus to consider strategic advancement of pipeline outside of Adult ALL, including additional expansion indications for obe-cel as well as pediatric development
- Transaction strengthens balance sheet and provides runway into 2024\*
- Blackstone received the right to nominate a member to Autolus' board of directors





Lead Clinical Program  
Striving for best-in-class therapies

Focused on delivering obe-cel,  
a potentially transformational  
treatment for Adult ALL

Full data for obe-cel  
(FELIX) trial in adult ALL  
expected in 2022

obe-cel data in B-NHL  
indications in Q4 2021

Next generation  
AUTO1/22 data in pALL  
in Q4 2021

- Additional value steps in T cell lymphoma and first solid tumor indication in 2022 and 2023
- Broad preclinical pipeline of next generation programs expected to transition to clinical stage in 2021/2022
- Building on a scalable, fully enclosed manufacturing platform

## Broad pipeline of clinical programs

Designed to address limitations of current T cell therapies

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE 1/2	PIVOTAL*
obe-cel	Adult ALL	CD19	ALLCAR19	FELIX
obe-cel	NHL <sup>†</sup>	CD19	ALLCAR19	
obe-cel	PCNSL <sup>††</sup>	CD19	CAROUSEL	
AUTO1/22	Pediatric ALL	CD19 & CD22	CARPALL	
AUTO4	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC1	LibrA T1	

 B Cell Malignancies

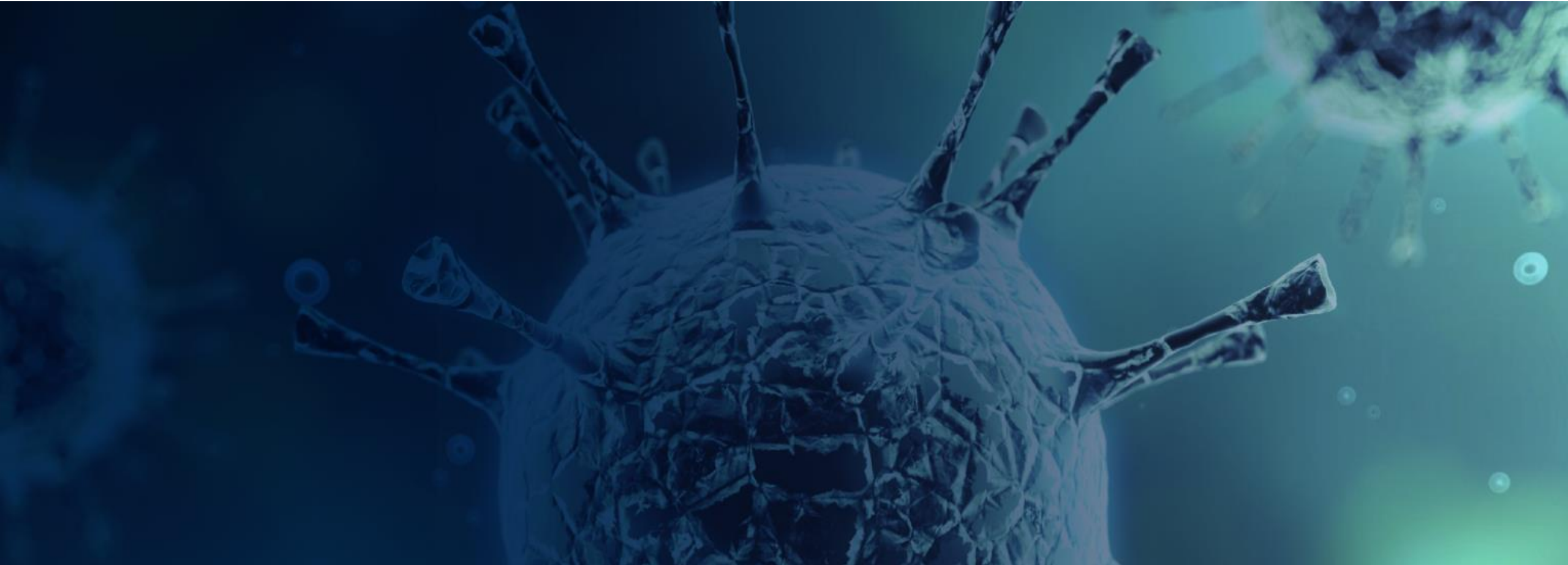
 T Cell Lymphoma

\*Subject to confirmation by regulatory authorities

<sup>†</sup> Non-Hodgkin lymphoma

<sup>††</sup> PCNSL = Primary CNS Lymphoma





## Adult Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia

Obe-cel— Potential as a standalone therapy

# High unmet need remains for adult ALL patients

Successful therapy requires high level of activity and sustained persistence paired with good tolerability

ALL is a  
significant  
opportunity

Up to **8,400\*** new cases of  
adult ALL diagnosed yearly  
worldwide

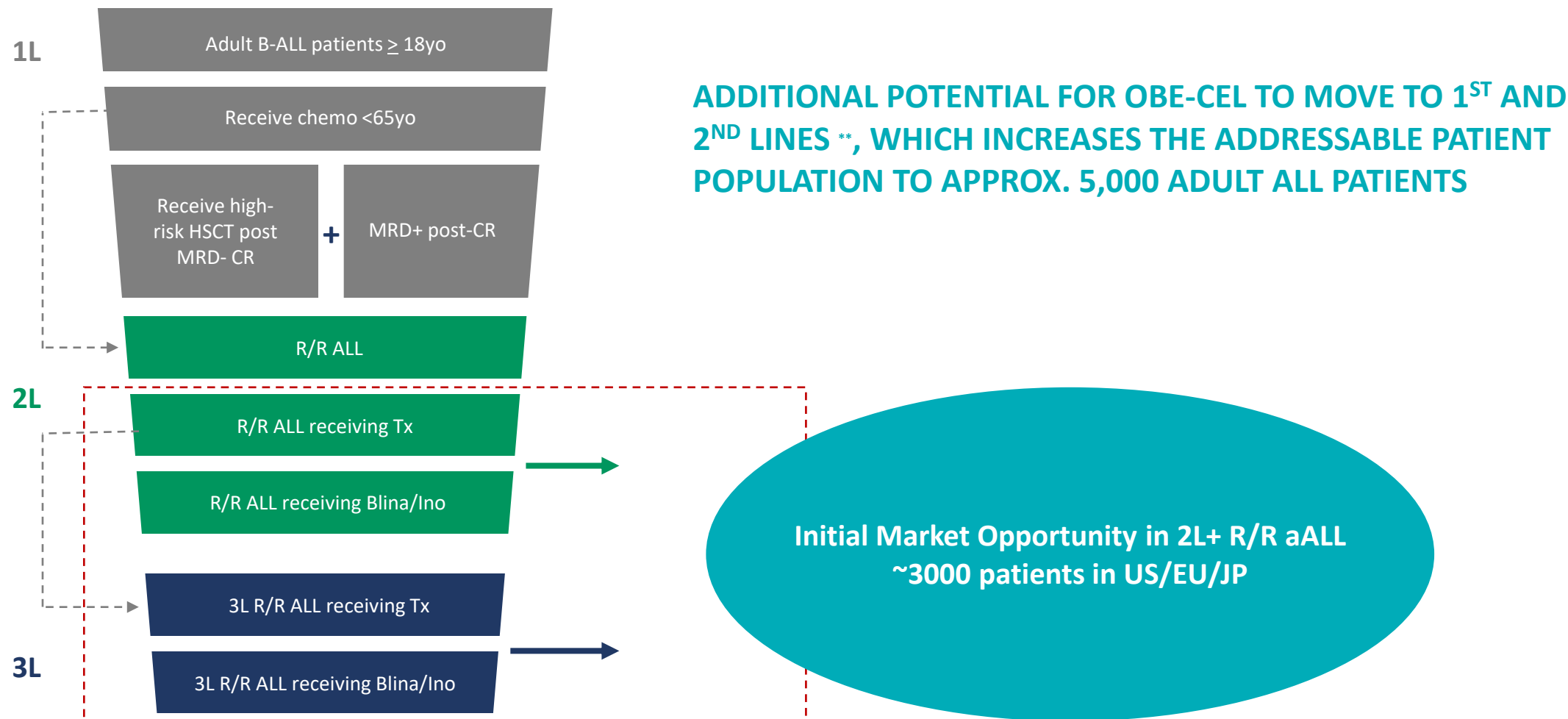
Estimated R/R patients in  
US & EU **3,000** addressable  
patient population in last  
line setting

## HIGH UNMET MEDICAL NEED

- Combination chemotherapy enables 90% of adult ALL patients to experience CR, but only 30% to 40% will achieve long-term remission
- Median overall survival is < 1 year in r/r adult ALL
- Only redirected T cell therapies for adult patients are blinatumomab and brexucabtagene autoleucel
- CAR T therapies are highly active, but require subsequent allograft to achieve durability
- Patients are generally more fragile with co-morbidities, yet CAR T toxicities in this setting have been notable with high incidences of severe CRS and cases of fatal neurotoxicity
- Opportunity to expand the addressable patient population in earlier lines of therapy

**OBE-CEL GRANTED ORPHAN DRUG DESIGNATION BY FDA FOR ALL, PRIME DESIGNATION IN R/R B-ALL BY EMA AND ILAP DESIGNATION BY MHRA IN ADULT R/R B-ALL**

\*SEER and EUCAN estimates (respectively) for US and EU epi



\*Company estimate, based on US, EU5 and Japan

\*\*Subject to successful clinical progress

## Key features of a successful CAR T Cell therapy for adult ALL

Obe-cel is uniquely placed to address current limitations of therapy

Challenge	Product Property	CAR T Feature	Potential Benefit
Fast proliferating disease	Very high level of anti-leukemic activity	Rapid CAR T mediated kill and high level of CAR T expansion	High response rates
Almost stem cell like nature of leukemic cells	Sustain long term pressure on leukemia	Long CAR T persistence	Durable responses
Poor patient condition	Good tolerability	Minimize high grade CRS and NT	Manageable AE profile

# Obe-cel has potential for transformational outcomes in Adult ALL

Data cut-off date May 17, 2021

- In a subset of patients sustained CRs are without subsequent stem cell transplant

---

- Durability of remissions highly encouraging
  - Across all treated patients, EFS at twelve and twenty-four months of 50%

---

- Obe-cel well tolerated, despite heavily pre-treated patients with high disease burden
  - No patients experienced  $\geq$  Grade 3 cytokine release syndrome (CRS)
  - 20% of patients experienced any grade ICANS\*, swiftly resolved with steroids

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- Initial phase 1b data of Felix trial is consistent with the data from ALLCAR19

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- Phase 2 trial underway, expect full data in 2022

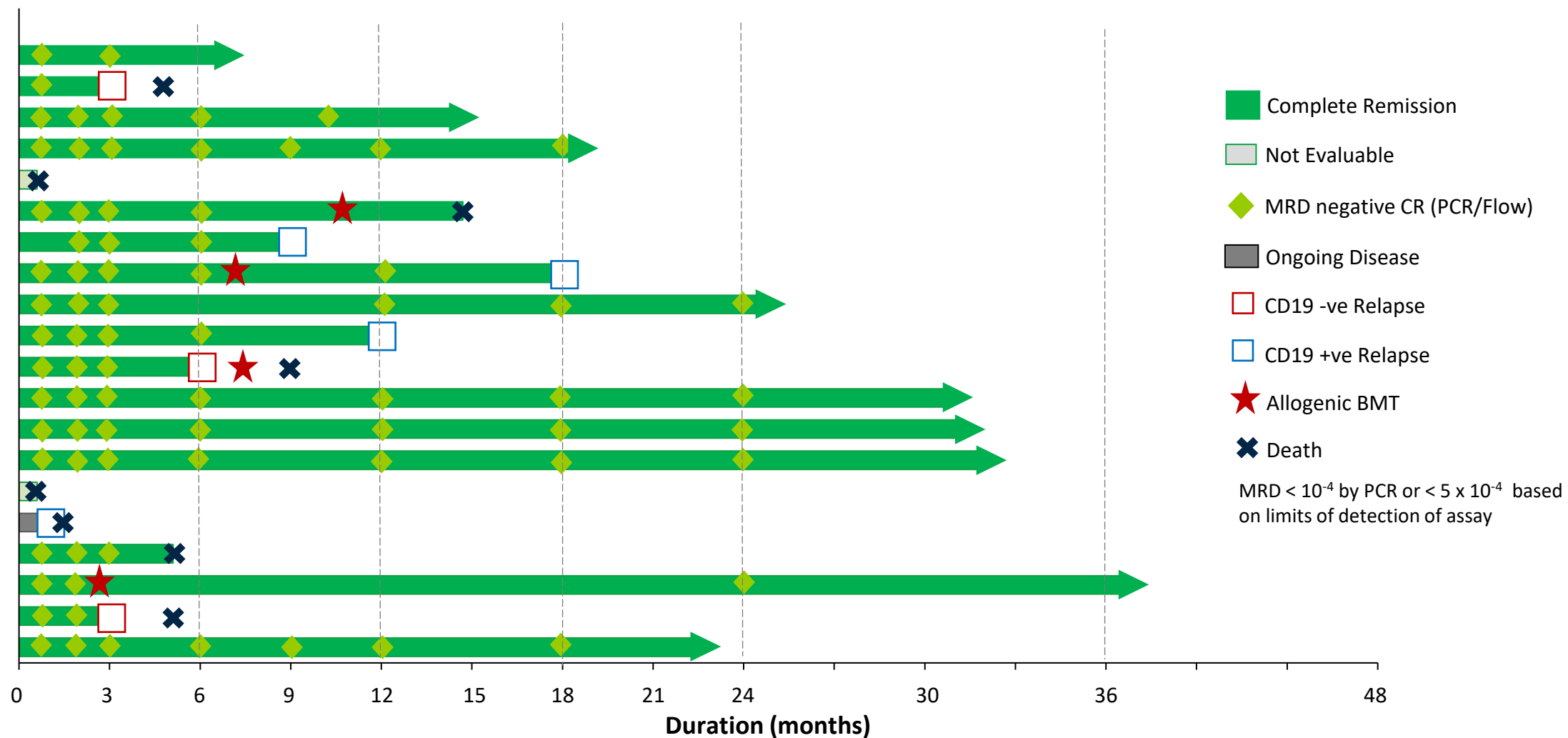
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- Adult ALL represents a sizeable market opportunity addressable with focused commercial footprint

\*Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome

# Obe-cel shows sustained stand-alone activity in adult ALL patients

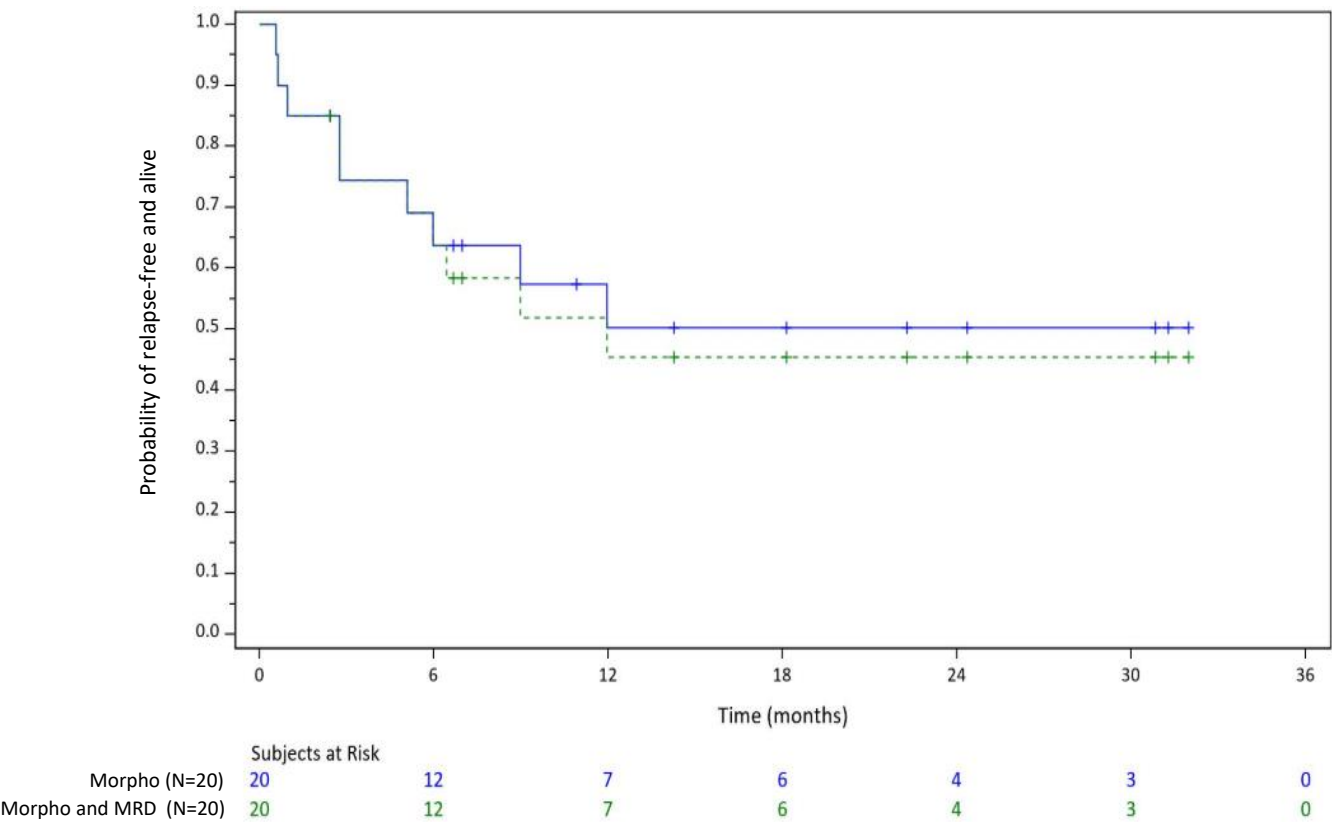
ALLCAR-19 Phase 1 EHA data cut - May 17 2021



# Obe-cel morphological event-free survival of 50.2% at 24 months

MRD and morphological EFS curves are superimposable with a plateau seen from 12 months

Morphological and Molecular EFS among all infused patients in ALLCAR19



		All infused patients	Closed Process
	N	20	14
	ORR	85%	93%
	MRD Neg CR	85%	93%
DOR	Median	Not reached	Not reached
	12 months	64%	64%
Morph. EFS	Median	Not reached	Not reached
	12 months	50.2%	60%
	24 months	50.2%	60%
Molecular EFS	Median	12 months	Not reached
	12 months	45%	54%
	24 months	45%	54%

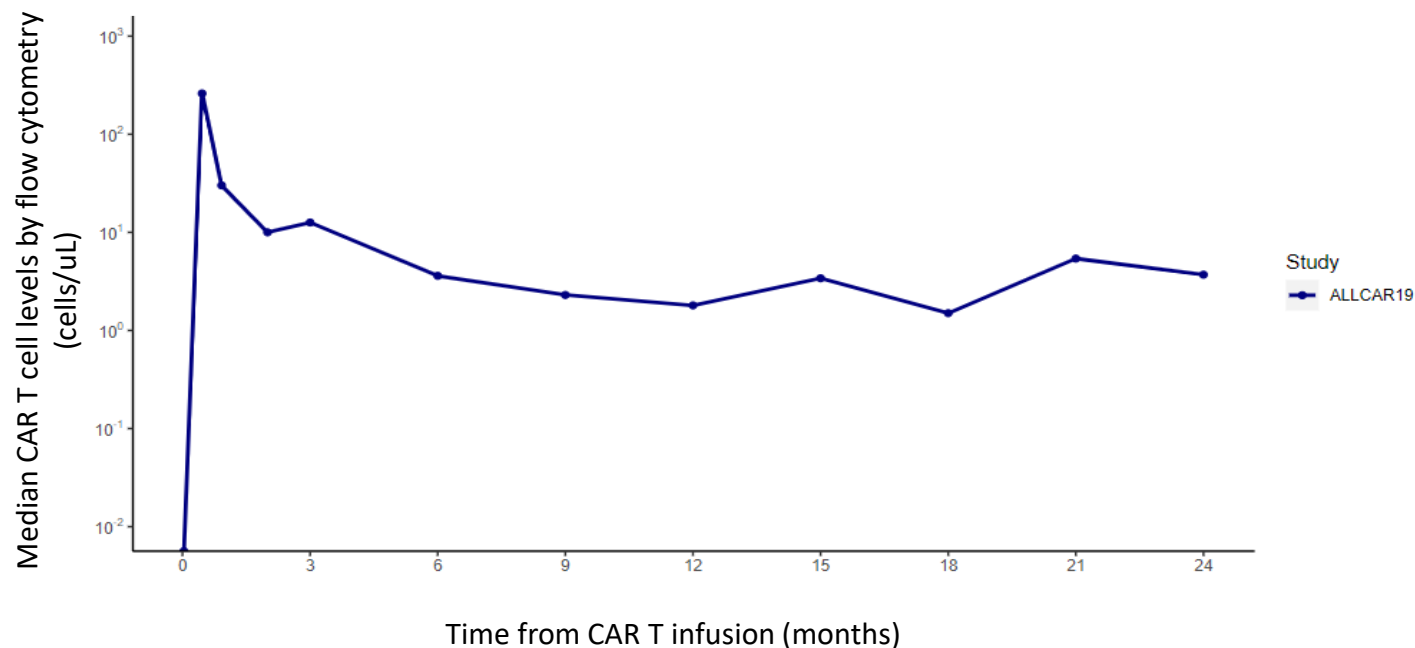
Event for morphological EFS = death or morphological relapse  
Event for molecular EFS = death, morphological relapse, or molecular relapse (i.e. MRD > 0.01%)  
Data Cut-off 17-May-2021



# Obe-cel expansion characteristics support its differentiated profile

Obe-cel shows long persistence and well manageable safety profile

Median CAR T cell levels in peripheral blood



	ALLCAR-19 trial
N	20
CRS Any Grade	55%
CRS Grade ≥ 3	0
NE / ICANS Any Grade	20%
NE / ICANS Grade ≥ 3	15%
Treatment for CRS and/or ICANS	
Tocilizumab	35%
Steroids	20%
Vasopressor	0

## Current standard of care in r/r adult ALL

Obe-cel showed 50.2% EFS at 24 months

	Standard of Care	
	Blinatumumab <sup>1</sup>	Inotuzumab <sup>2</sup>
N	271	109
ORR (CR/CRi)	44%	80.7%
EFS	31% (6 m)	mPFS 5m
median DoR	7.3m	5.4m
median OS	7.7m	7.7m
CRS ≥ Grade 3	3%	0%
Neurotox any Grade	65%	Not reported
Neurotox ≥ Grade 3	13%	0%
Other notable observations	NA Approx. 50% of blinatumumab patients received subsequent HSCT	14% Hepatic VoD Approx. 50% of inotuzumab patients received subsequent HSCT

1. Kantarjian et al., 2017/ USPI (product label)

2. Kantarjian et al., 2016/ USPI (product label)

# Tecartus<sup>®</sup> approved for adults with relapsed or refractory B-cell precursor ALL

Obe-cel showed 50.2% EFS at 24 months

	ZUMA-3 Phase 2 Lancet publication <sup>1</sup>	ZUMA-3 Phase 2 USPI (Label) <sup>2</sup>
N	55	54
ORR (CR/CRi)	71%	65%
EFS <sup>#</sup>	~45% (12 m), ~25% (18 m)	-
median DoR, 95% CI	13.6m (9.4, NE)	13.6m (8.7, NE)
median OS, 95% CI	18.2m (15.9, NE)	-
CRS ≥ Grade 3	24%	24%
Neurotox any Grade	60%	87%
Neurotox ≥ Grade 3	25%	35%
Other notable observations	40% vasopressor use 18% pts received alloSCT after Tecartus infusion	-

<sup>#</sup> EFS for ZUMA-3 were estimated based on the KM curve

1. Shah et al. Lancet 2021
2. Tecartus USPI (label)

# Obe-cel potentially differentiated on efficacy, durability and safety

Unique CAR T design drives differentiated product profile

- Obe-cel has a high level of MRD-negative CR (85%)

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- Morphological EFS for obe-cel at 24 months was 50.2%

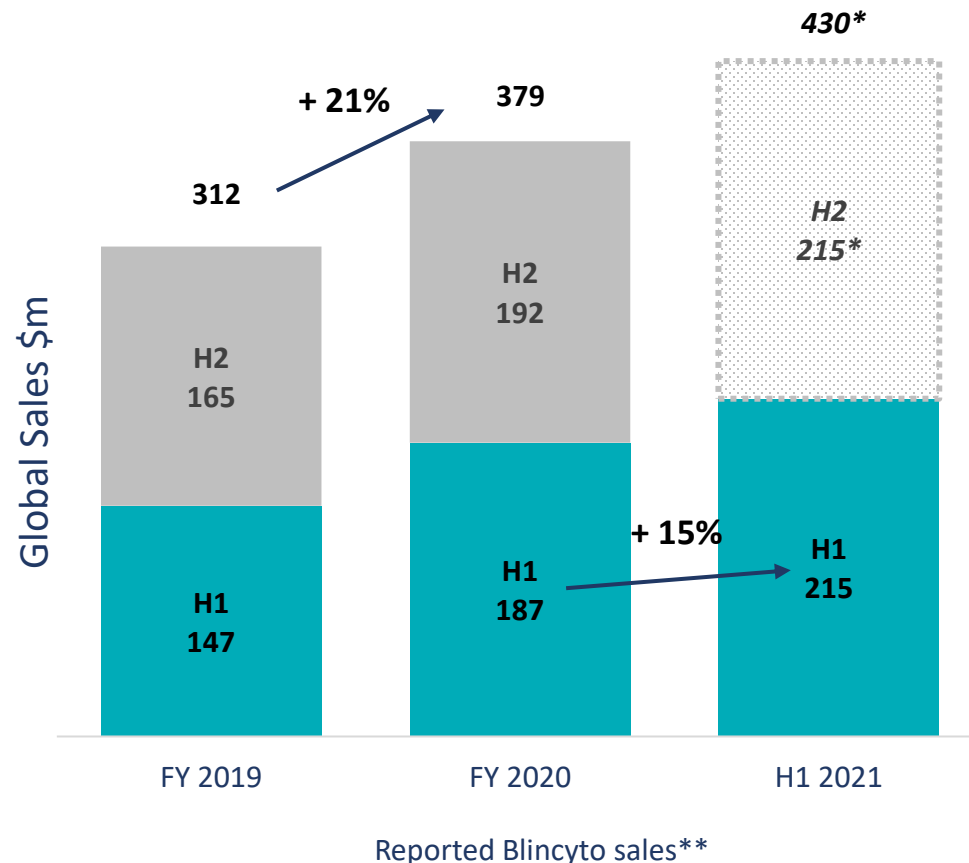
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- Long term CAR T persistence drives durability of effect

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- Obe-cel has a favorable safety profile

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# Obe-cel could potentially launch into an expanding ALL market

Blinicyto, current market leader, revenues show annual growth of c.15-20%



- Blincyto sales price estimated to be \$178k<sup>±</sup> (based on 2 cycles) supporting approx. 2,000 commercial adult ALL patients, growing at a rate of c.15-20%
- Kymriah is priced at \$475k in pediatric ALL. Breyanzi (lisocabtagene maraleucel) is priced at \$410k in DLBCL<sup>±±</sup>. Tecartus is priced at \$399k for adult ALL.
- Breyanzi and other CAR T cell therapies are expanding delivery center footprint
- Tecartus (brexucabtagene autoleucel) is expected to establish CAR T use in adult ALL
- Obe-cel has the potential to be best in class curative therapy expanding use beyond academic transplant centers

\*\*As per Amgen quarterly SEC filings

\* H2 2021 is not reported, this is just an extrapolation based on H1 2021 reported sales

## Preliminary Phase 1 data supports development as a stand-alone therapy

Obe-cel is the first Autolus program to move into a pivotal program

Pivotal program,  
FELIX, in adult ALL  
enrolling with full  
data targeted in 2022

CTA approved  
by the MHRA  
in January 2020 and  
US IND has been  
open since April  
2020

- Phase 1b run-in component, prior to single arm Phase 2 potential pivotal trial
- 100 relapsed/refractory adult ALL patients
- Primary endpoint: Overall Complete Response Rate (CR/CRi)
- Secondary endpoints: include MRD-negative CR EFS and DoR

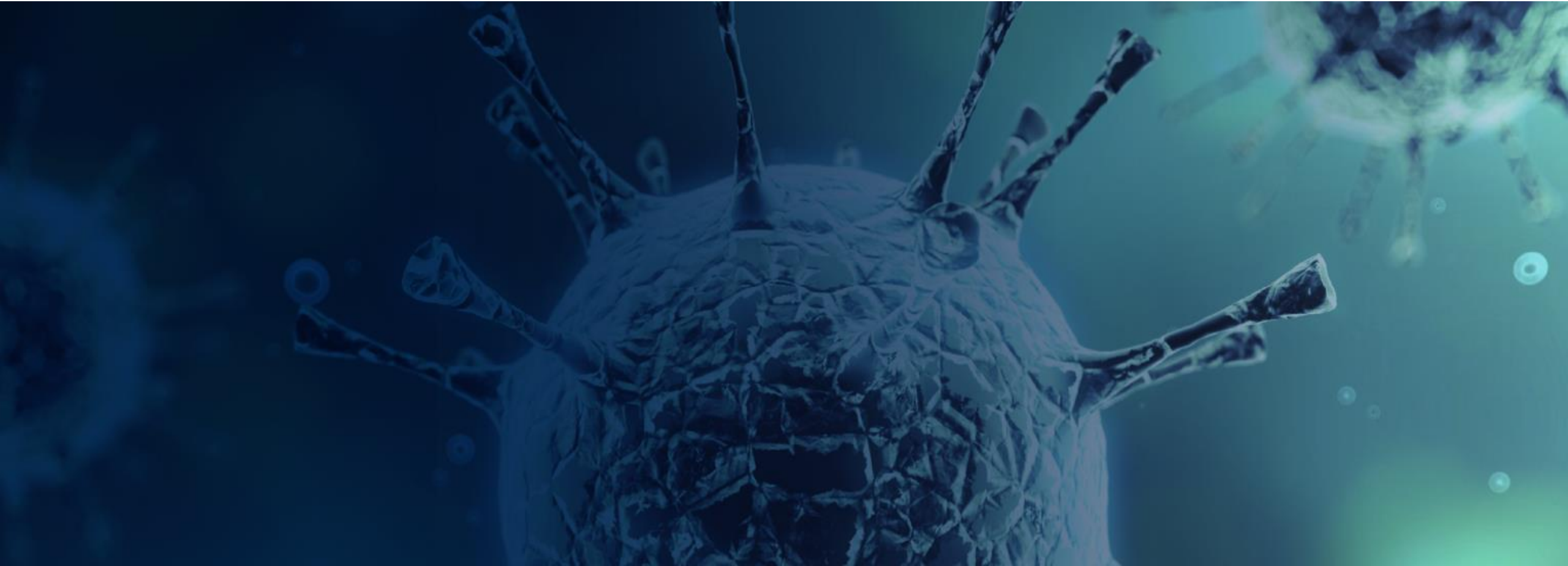
## Unique profile of obe-cel offers potential across broader indications

Evaluation of obe-cel activity in additional B-Cell malignancies to capitalize on potential market opportunity

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE 1	PHASE 1B/2
Obe-cel	Adult ALL	CD19	<b>ALLCAR-19 *</b>	<b>FELIX</b>
Obe-cel	B-NHL & CLL	CD19	<b>ALLCAR-19 Ext *</b>	
Obe-cel	Primary CNS Lymphoma	CD19	<b>CAROUSEL *</b>	
AUTO1/22	Pediatric ALL	CD19 & CD22	<b>CARPALL *</b>	

**OPPORTUNITY TO PURSUE IN EARLIER LINES OF THERAPY AND INDICATIONS OF ADULT ALL**





Pediatric ALL

# AUTO1/22 CD19 & CD22 targeting CAR-T for r/r pediatric ALL

Adding a high sensitivity CD22 CAR to AUTO1 to minimize relapses due to CD19 antigen loss

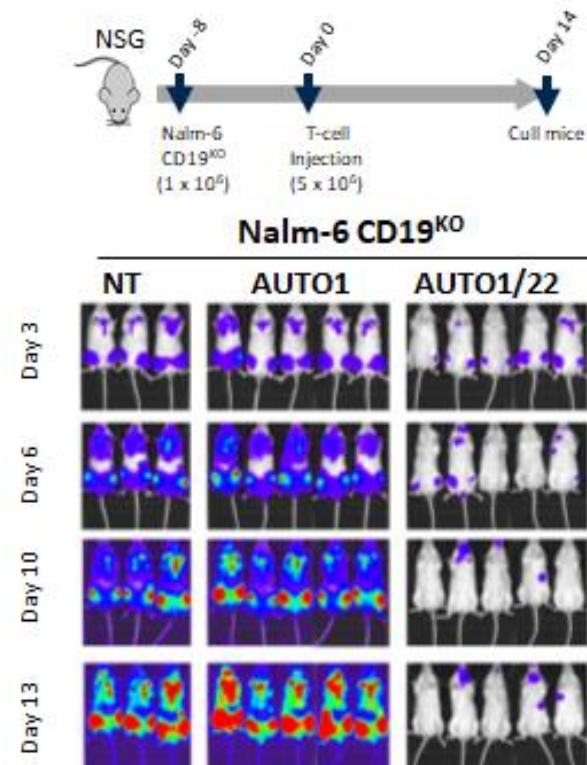
## Primary driver for relapse in pALL is CD19 antigen loss

	pALL	
	*AUTO1	#Kymriah
n	14	75
CR Rate	86%	81%
EFS 12m	54% (95% CI, 24 to 76)	50% (95% CI, 35 to 64)
No. of CD19 negative relapses	5/6	15/22
CRS ≥ G3	0%	47%
NTX ≥ G3	7%	13%

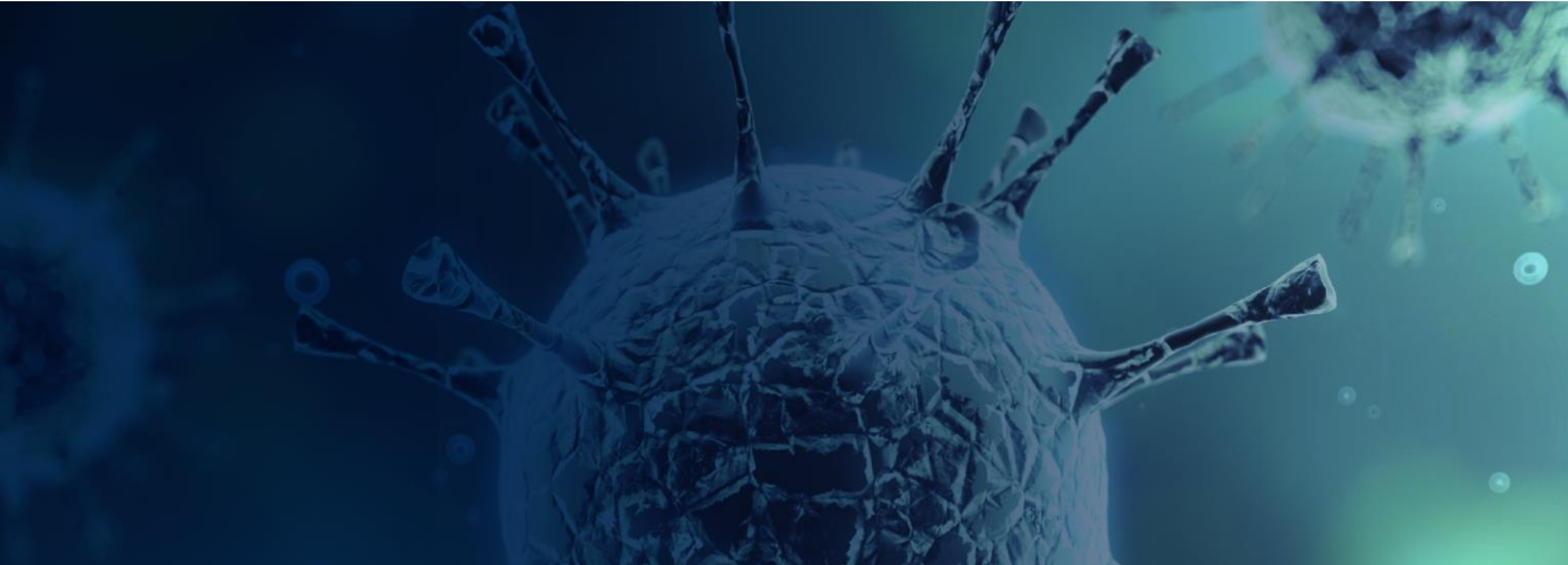
\*Ghorashian S, Pule MA, Amrolia P et al. *Nature Medicine* 201

#Maude et al., *NEJM* 2018

## AUTO1/22 Dual Targeting CAR T to CD19 and CD22



Phase 1 CARPALL study in r/r pALL ongoing, initial PoC data expected Q4 2021



Indolent NHL

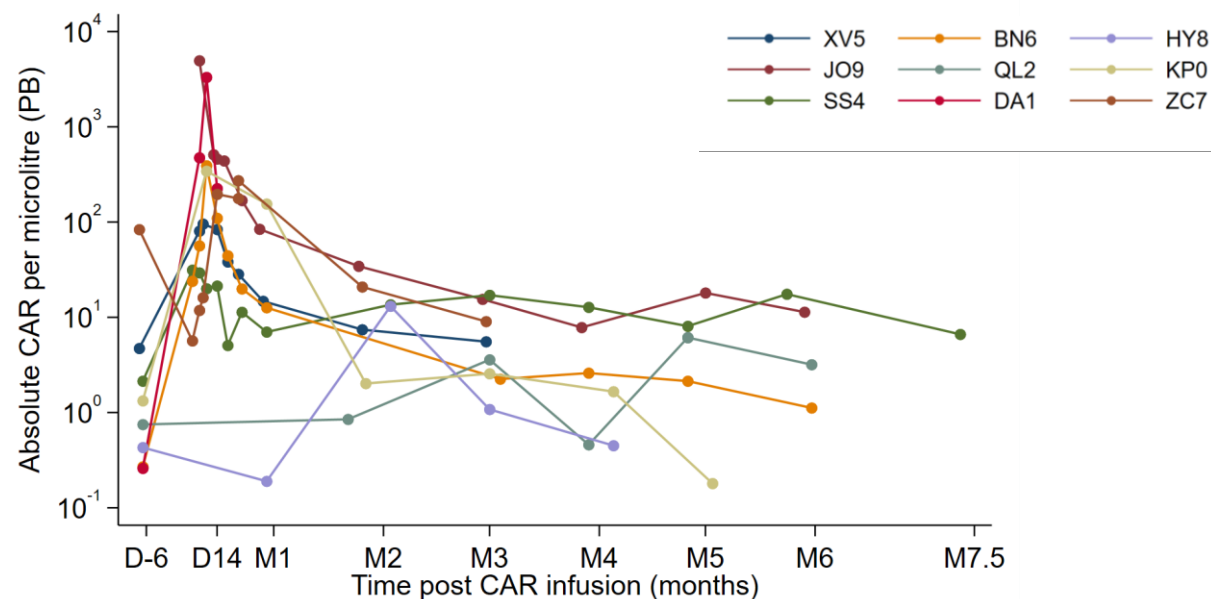
obe-cel

# ALLCAR-19 cohort D - iNHL patient characteristics, persistence and safety

Obe-cel shows excellent T cell expansion and engraftment with a manageable safety profile

Baseline Characteristics	N=9
Median age, years (range)	56 (39 - 68)
Gender	7M/ 2F
Disease <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Follicular Lymphoma</li> <li>Mantle Cell Lymphoma</li> </ul>	7(78%) 2 (22%)
Lines of treatment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Median (range)</li> <li>Prior autograft</li> <li>Prior allo-HSCT</li> </ul>	3 (2-5) 4 (44%) 1 (11%)
Stage of disease at screening <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stage I/II</li> <li>Stage III/IV</li> </ul>	0/9 9/9
Bridging therapy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chemotherapy alone</li> <li>Radiotherapy + steroids</li> <li>Chemo + Radiotherapy</li> <li>Nil</li> </ul>	7 2 0 0

## CAR T Cell Expansion in Cohort D (B-NHL)

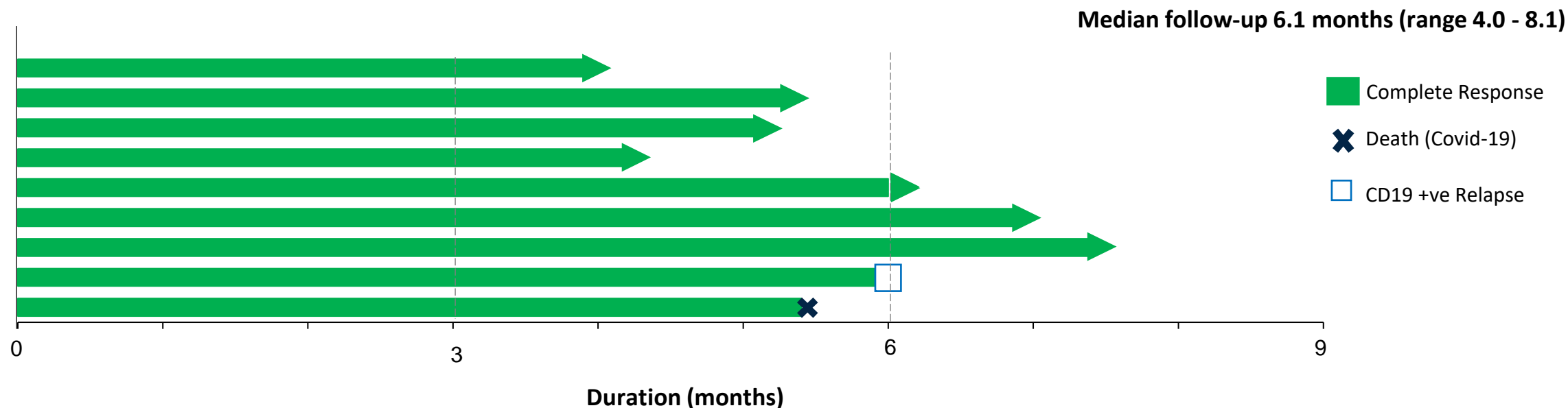


## Immunotoxicity in Cohort D (B-NHL)

CRS (ASTCT criteria <sup>#</sup> )	Neurotoxicity (ICANS)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CRS (any) in 5/9</li> <li>Grade 2 in 1/9</li> <li>≥ Grade 3 CRS in 0/9</li> <li>Tocilizumab used in 2 patients</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ICANS in 0/9</li> <li>Grade 2 in 0/9</li> <li>Grade 3 in 0/9</li> </ul>

## ALLCAR-19 cohort D – clinical responses in other relapsed/refractory B-NHL

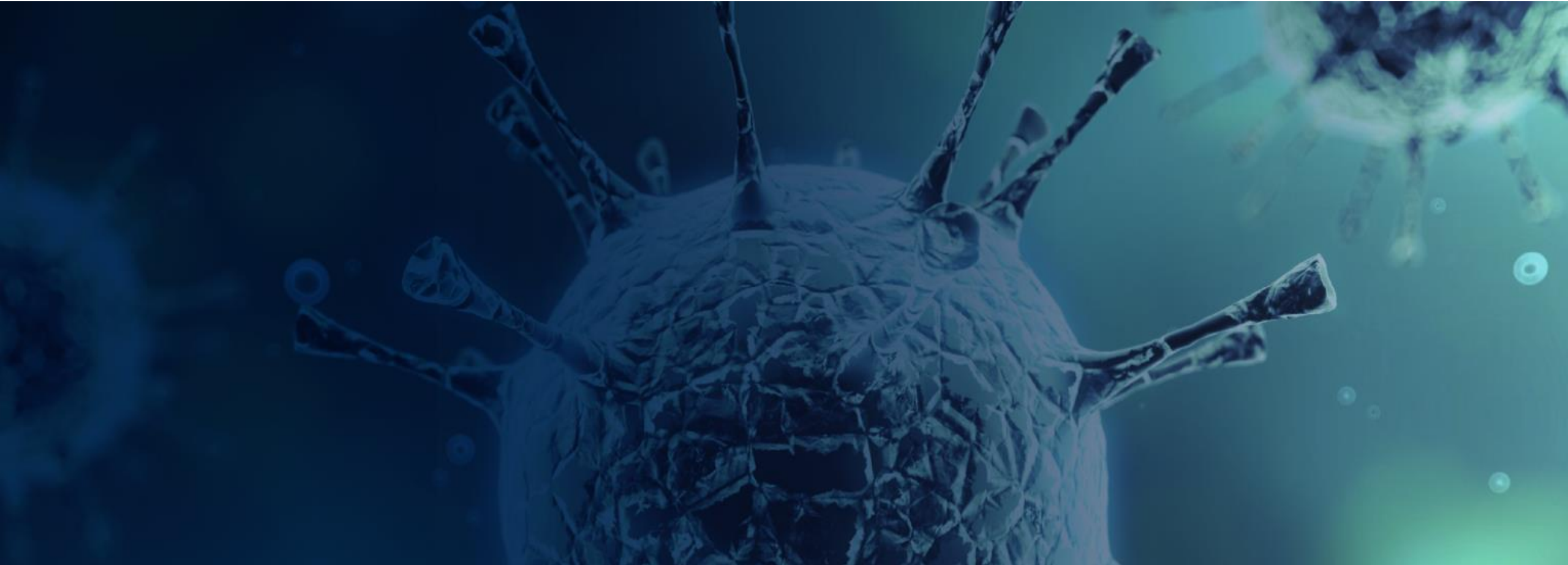
All patients treated achieved a metabolic Complete Response (CR)



- 9/9 patients in the indolent B-NHL cohort achieved metabolic CR by month 3
- 8/9 disease-free at last follow-up (median F/U = 6.1 months; range 4.0 - 8.1m)
- 1/9 patients died on study from COVID-19 whilst in remission at month 6 of follow-up
- 1/9 relapsed with small volume subcutaneous CD19+ disease, salvaged with radiotherapy
- 0/9 patients experienced ICANS of any grade or  $\geq$  grade 3 CRS

- Initial obe-cel efficacy data in the iNHL cohort is encouraging
- Obe-cel continues to show a consistent and favorable safety profile across all indications evaluated
- Additional cohorts being explored, and further data planned for Q4 2021
- CAROUSEL study in PCNSL open with data expected in Q1 2022
- AUTO1/22 (CARPALL study) in pediatric ALL open with data expected in Q4 2021





## T Cell Lymphoma

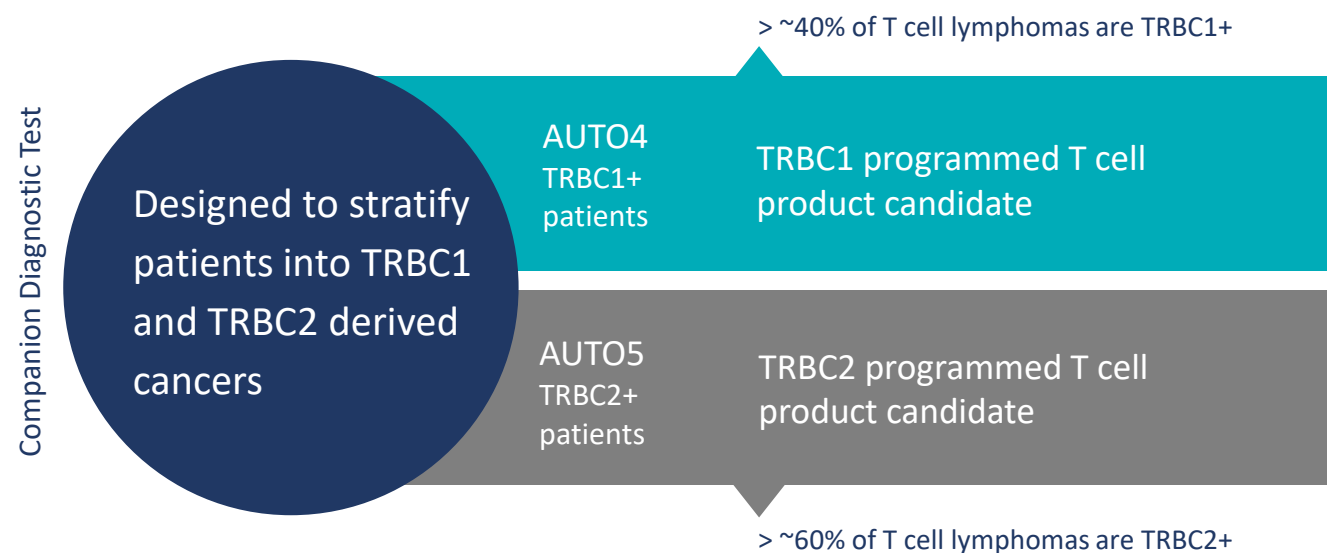
AUTO4 and AUTO 5 — tailored for T Cell Lymphoma



# T Cell Lymphoma

No standard of care after first relapse and no T cell therapy approved

## AUTOLUS USES THREE KEY ELEMENTS TO ADDRESS T CELL LYMPHOMAS—AUTO4, AUTO5 AND A COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC TEST



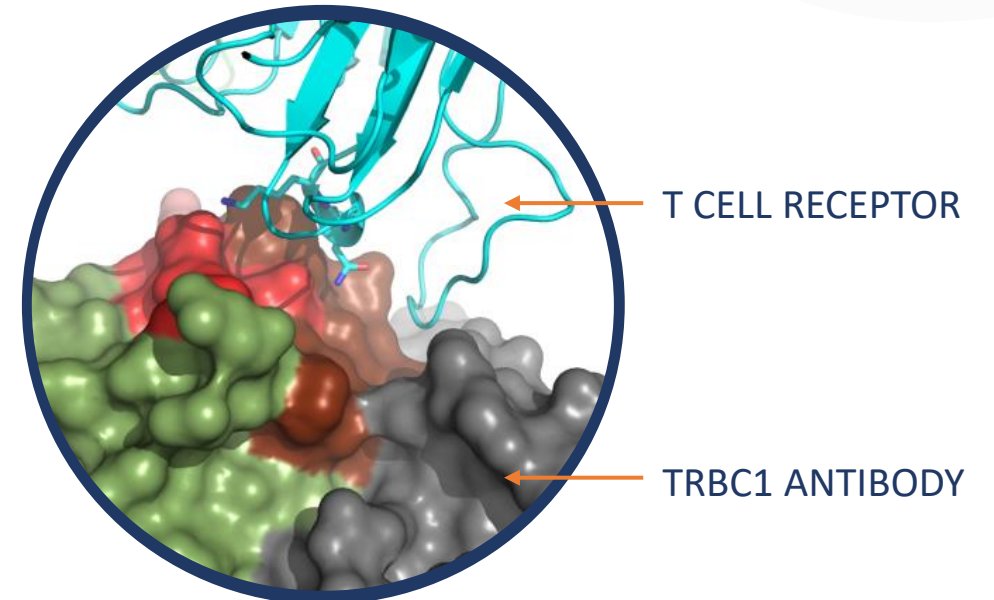
- T cell lymphoma is an aggressive disease with a very poor prognosis for patients
- Median 5 yrs OS: 32%
- Standard of care is variable and often based on high-dose chemotherapy and stem cell transplants
- A large portion of T cell lymphoma patients are refractory to or relapse following treatment with standard therapies
- T cell lymphomas have not, so far, benefited from advances in immunotherapeutic approaches
- AUTO4 Phase 1 interim data expected in H1 2022
- AUTO5 to enter Phase 1 study in H1 2022

# Unique targeting of TRBC1 & TRBC2 opens new therapeutic approach

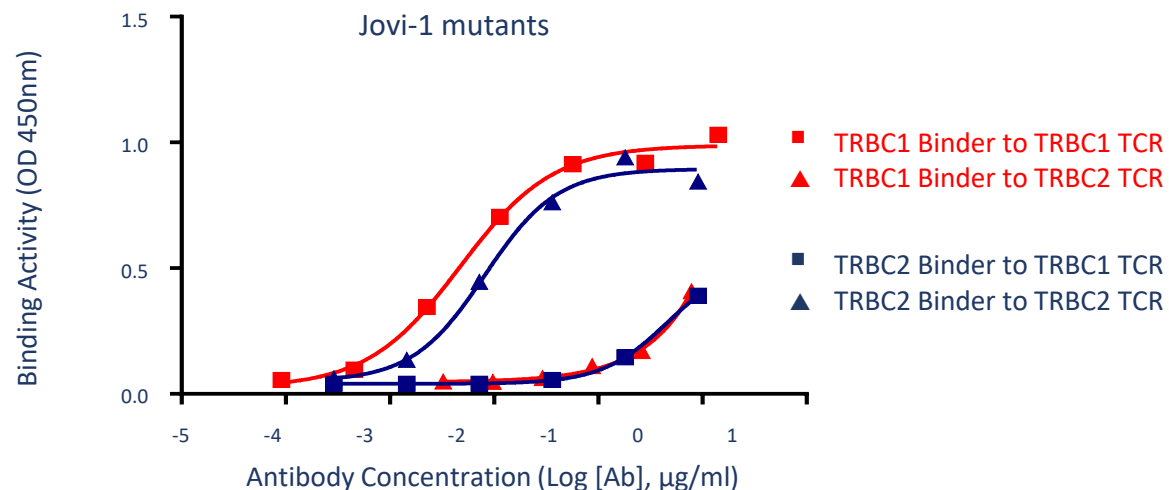
## AUTO4/5 in Peripheral T Cell Lymphoma

### DIFFERENCES BETWEEN TRBC1 AND TRBC2 ARE SMALL

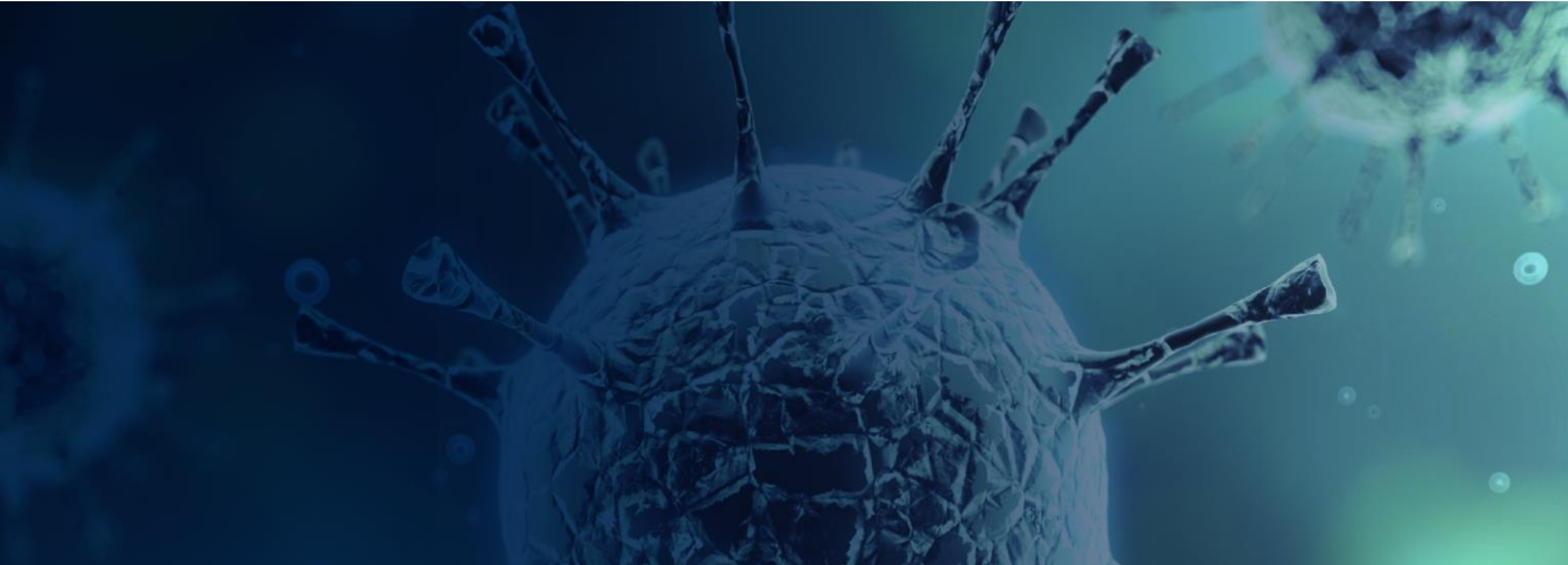
		NK-KN 4/5		F-Y 36
TRBC1	1	EDLNKVFPPPEVAVFEPSEAEISHTQKATLVCLATGFF	PDHVELSWVNGK	
TRBC2	1	EDLKNVFPPPEVAVFEPSEAEISHTQKATLVCLATGFF	PDHVELSWVNGK	
TRBC1	51	EVHSGVSTDPOPLKEOPALNDSRYCLSSRLRVSATFWQNPRNHFR	COVQF	
TRBC2	51	EVHSGVSTDPOPLKEOPALNDSRYCLSSRLRVSATFWQNPRNHFR	COVQF	
TRBC1	101	YGLSENDEWTQDRAKPVTQIVSAEAWGRADCGFTS	VS	YQOGVLSAT
TRBC2	101	YGLSENDEWTQDRAKPVTQIVSAEAWGRADCGFTS	E	YQOGVLSAT
			V-E 135	



### ANTIBODY BINDING DATA



- AUTO4 clinical study, LibrA T1, in progress
- AUTO5 in late preclinical development
- Preclinical study package demonstrating selective binding and anti-tumor activity of TRBC1 and TRBC2 CARs *in vitro* and *in vivo*

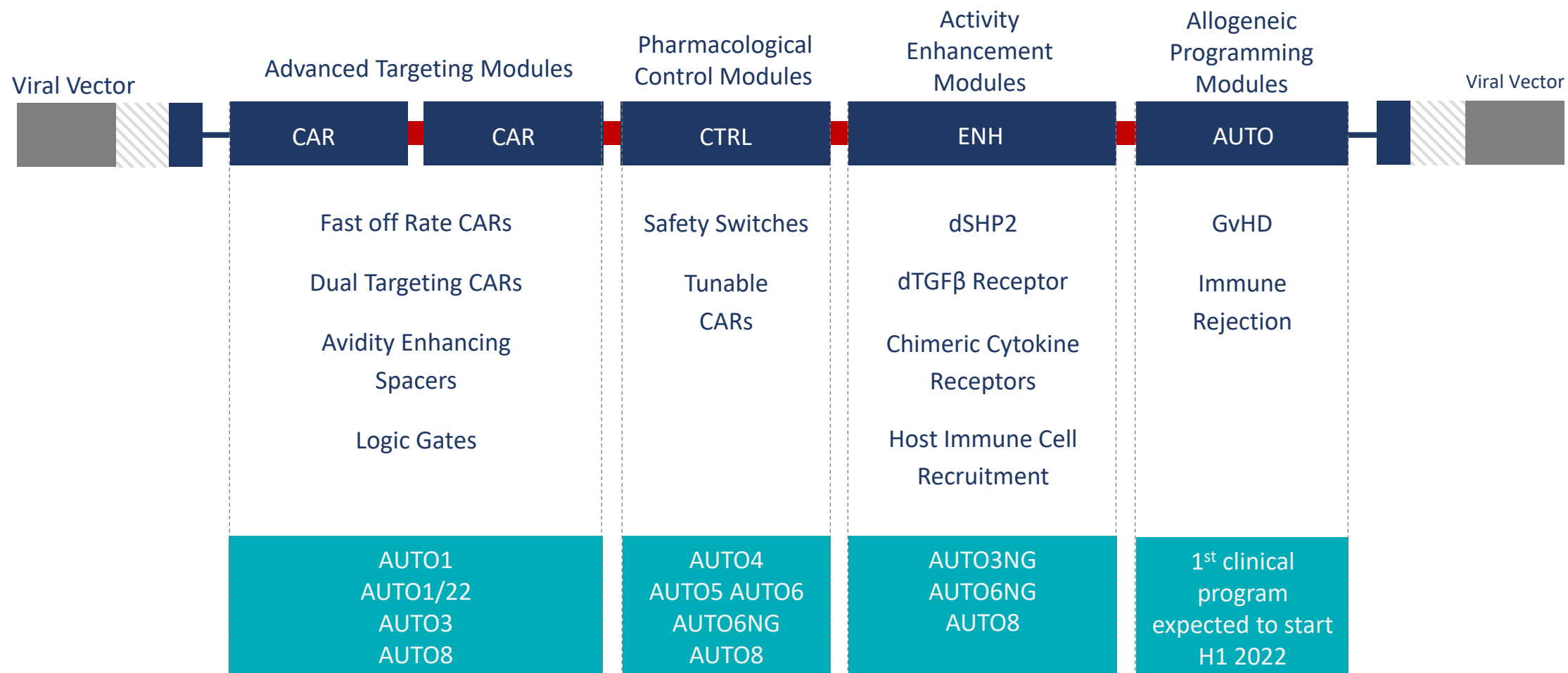


## Pipeline

A broad portfolio of next generation modular T cell therapies



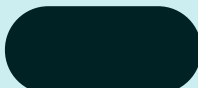

# A broad toolkit which is core to our strategy of modular innovation

Advanced T cell programming




## Broad pipeline of next generation programs

Designed to address limitations of current T cell therapies

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1*
AUTO1/22 **	Pediatric ALL	CD19 & CD22		Started Q4 2020
AUTO5	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC2		H1 2022
AUTO6NG **	Neuroblastoma; Other tumor types	GD2		H1 2022
AUTO8	Multiple Myeloma	BCMA & CAR X		Q4 2021

 B Cell Malignancies

 T Cell Lymphoma

 GD2+ Tumors

 Multiple Myeloma

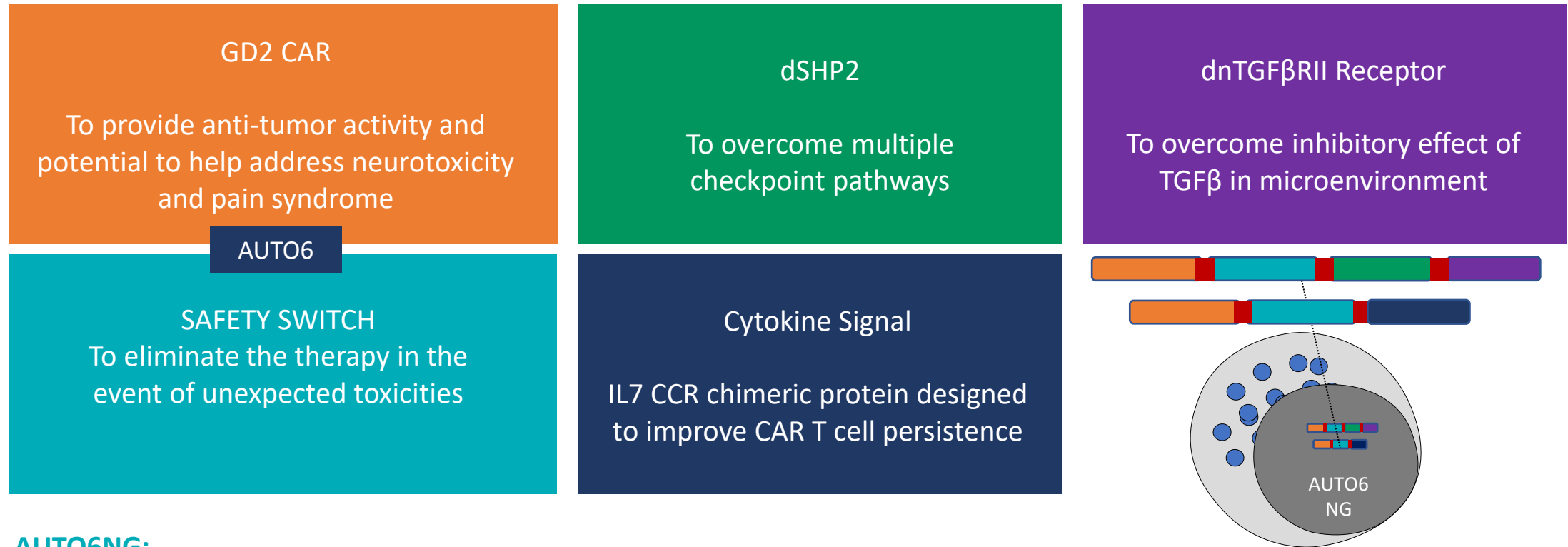
\*Planned Trial Initiations

\*\* Collaboration with UCL

NG = Next Generation

# Modular approach designed to enhance AUTO6NG for solid tumor environment

Next generation programs powered by our proprietary technology toolbox



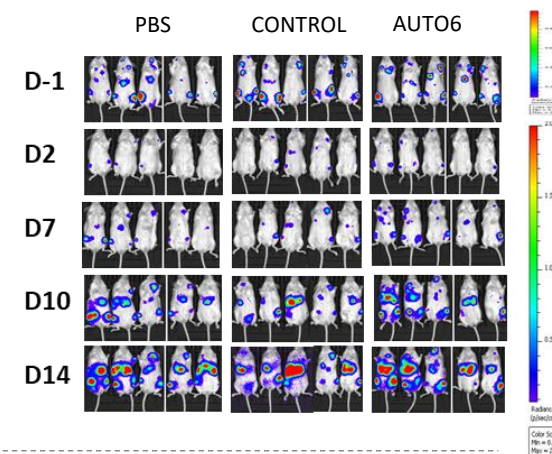
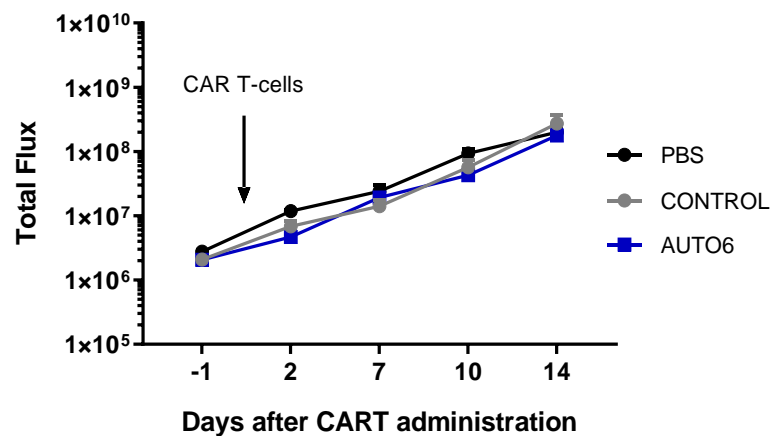
## AUTO6NG:

- Utilizes GD2 CAR from AUTO6, and is further enhanced to address persistence, control and tumor defenses
- Targeting neuroblastoma, osteosarcoma, melanoma and small cell lung cancer amongst others

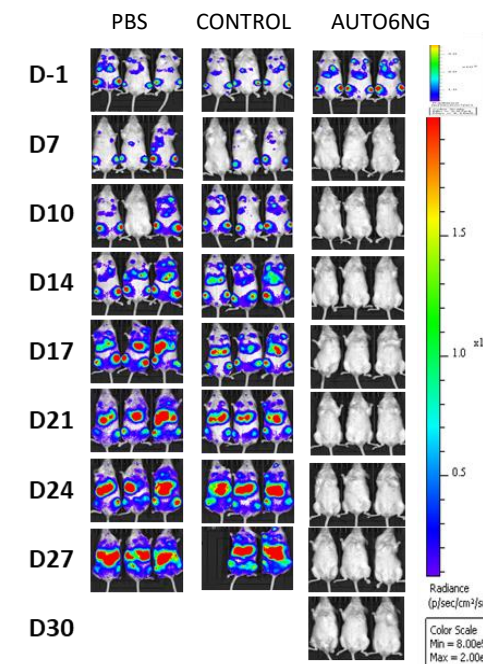
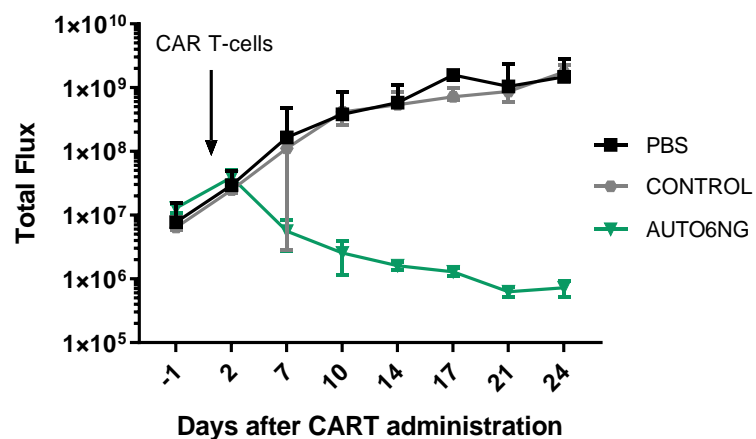
# AUTO6NG exhibits potent anti-tumor activity in preclinical model

Extends survival in challenging in vivo model

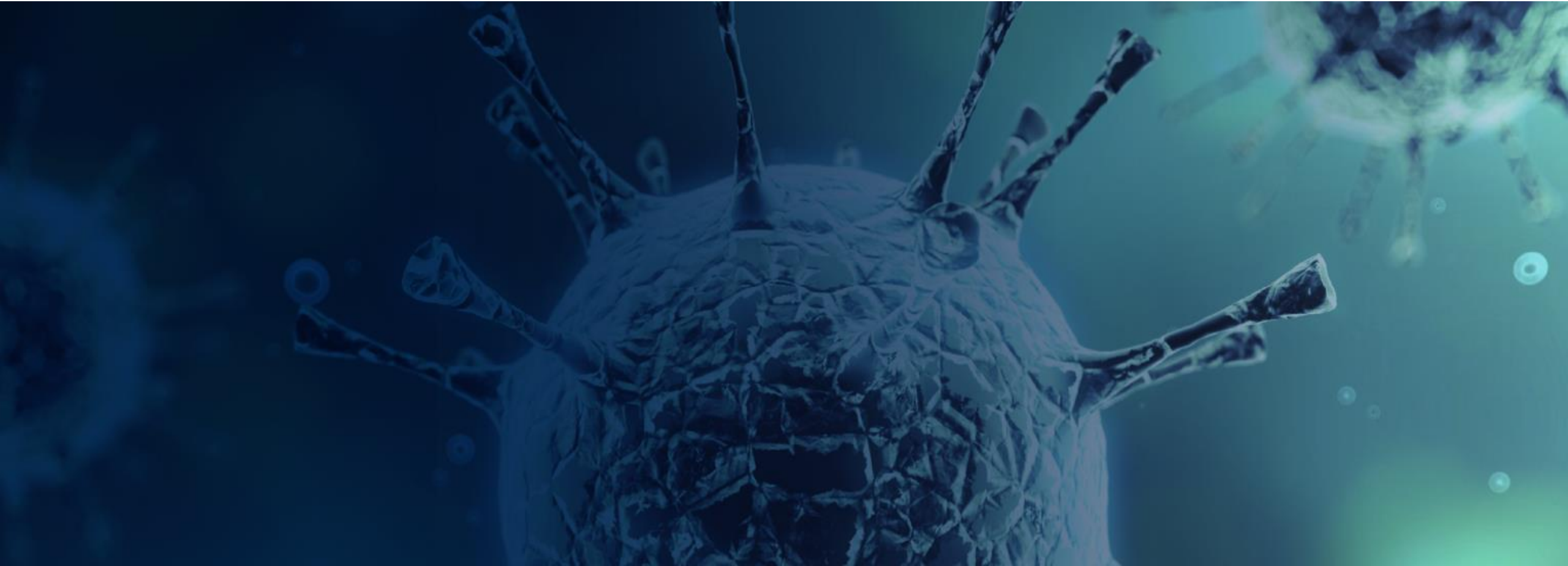
## AUTO6



## AUTO6NG







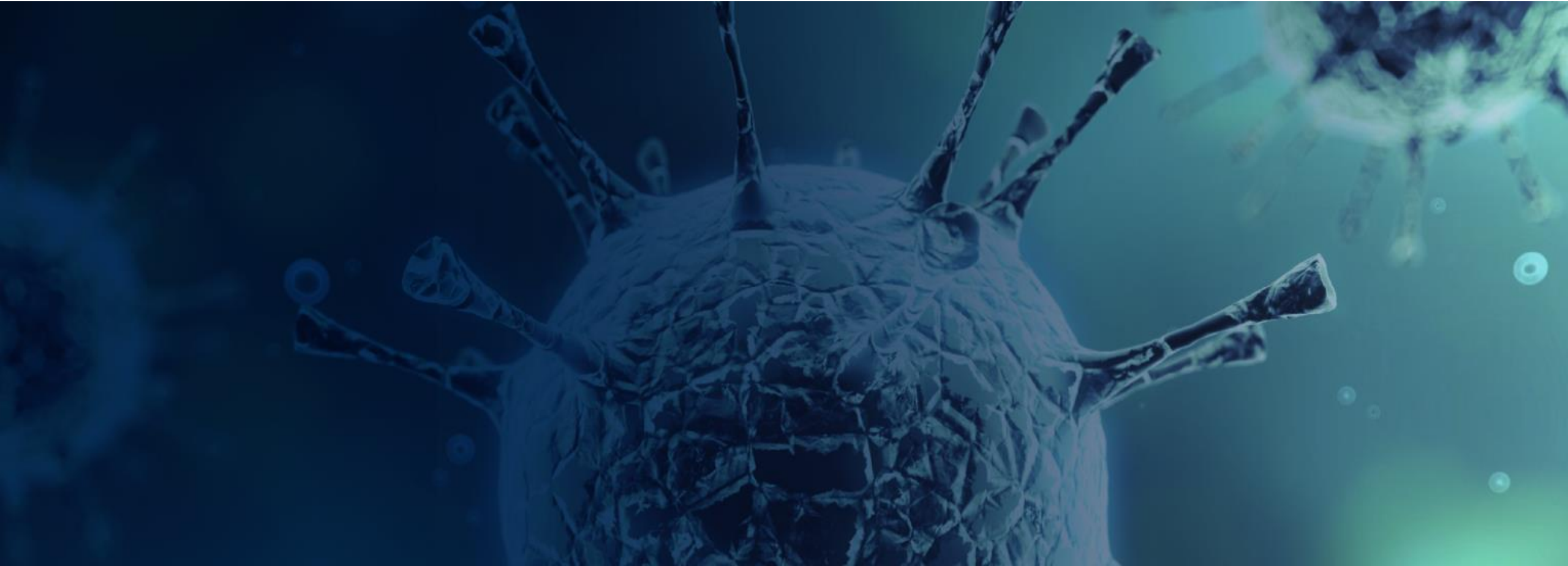
Next Steps

## Multiple clinical milestones anticipated through 2021/2022

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE	NEXT MILESTONE
Obe-cel	Adult ALL	CD19	Pivotal*	FELIX data in 2022
AUTO1 /22	Pediatric ALL	CD19/CD22	Phase 1	Data in Q4 2021
obe-cel	B-NHL	CD19	Phase 1	Data in Q4 2021
obe-cel	PCNSL	CD19	Phase 1	Data in Q1 2022
AUTO3	DLBCL	CD19/CD22	Phase 1	Phase 1 completed. Intend to partner.
AUTO4	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	Phase 1	Phase 1 interim data H1 2022
AUTO5	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H1 2022
AUTO6 NG	Neuroblastoma; Osteosarcoma; SCLC	GD2	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H1 2022
AUTO8	Multiple Myeloma	BCMA/CAR-X	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 study Q4 2021
ALLO Program	Undisclosed	Undisclosed	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H1 2022

\*Subject to confirmation by regulatory authorities.

- Obe-cel and AUTO1/22
  - Autolus' potential pivotal trial (FELIX) in adult ALL progressing well. Enrollment continues with initial data on the Phase 1b portion of the trial expected at ASH in December, 2021. Company reiterates guidance to expect full data in 2022
  - Pediatric ALL – AUTO1/22 Phase 1 trial started in December, 2020. Update expected at ASH in December, 2021
  - ALLCAR study extension in other relapsed/refractory B-NHL and CLL ongoing. Update expected at ASH in December, 2021
  - Opportunity to develop AUTO1 in Primary CNS Lymphoma, CAROUSEL study update expected in Q1 2022
- AUTO4 continues in dose escalation in a Phase 1 trial, interim data expected in H1 2022
- Autolus' solid tumor program, AUTO6NG, to enter clinic in H1 2022
- AUTO8 IN Multiple Myeloma due to enter clinic in Q4 2021
- Cash balance at September 30, 2021, \$173.1 million:
  - +\$25M R&D tax credit received in October 2021
  - +\$150M from Blackstone in November 2021
  - Cash runway including project financing payments from Blackstone into 2024



Thank you