

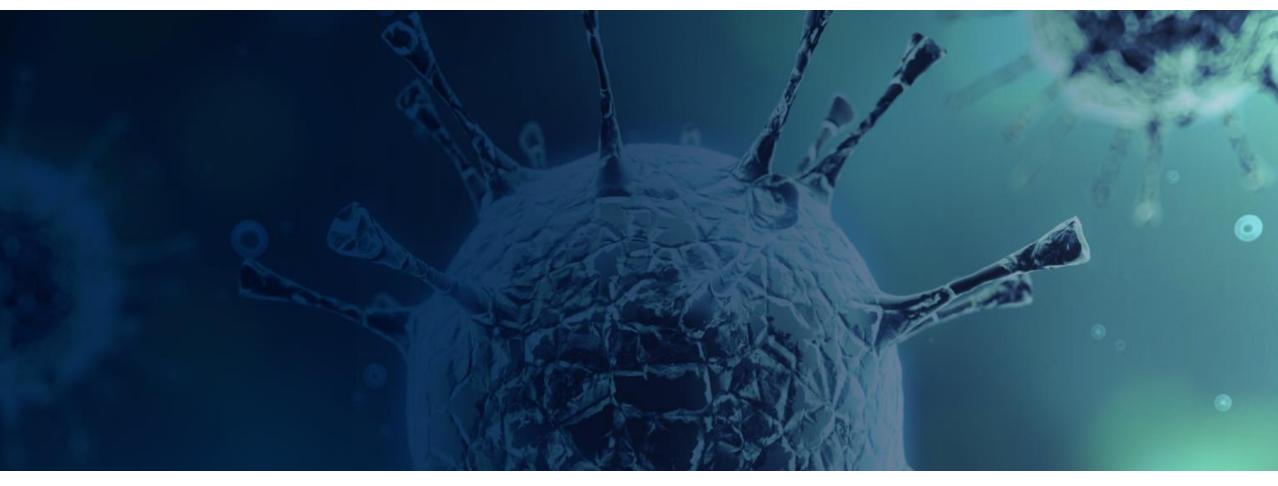
April 2021







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Lead Clinical Programs
Striving for best-in-class therapies

Driving value with potential best-in-class adult ALL program



Focusing on delivering
AUTO1, a potentially
transformational treatment
for Adult Acute
Lymphoblastic Leukemia
(ALL), as well as exploring
activity in additional
B-cell malignancies

Full data for AUTO1 – AL-1 (FELIX) study in adult expected in 2022

AUTO1 data in PCNSL and NHL expected in Q4 2021, AUTO1/22 in pALL expected in Q4 2021

- Plan to partner AUTO3 ahead of progressing into next phase of development
- Additional value steps in T cell lymphoma and first solid tumor indication
- Broad preclinical pipeline of next generation programs expected to transition to clinical stage in 2021/2022
- Scalable, fully enclosed manufacturing platform

Hematological cancer pipeline with a focus on Acute Leukemia



Designed to address limitations of current T cell therapies

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE 1/2	PIVOTAL*
AUTO1	Adult ALL	CD19	ALLCAR19	FELIX
AUTO1	NHL [†]	CD19	ALLCAR19	
AUTO1	PCNSL ^{††}	CD19	CAROUSEL	
AUTO1/22	Pediatric ALL	CD19 & CD22	CARPALL	
AUTO3	DLBCL	CD19 & CD22	ALEXANDER	To be partnered
AUTO4	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC1	LibrA T1	

B Cell Malignancies

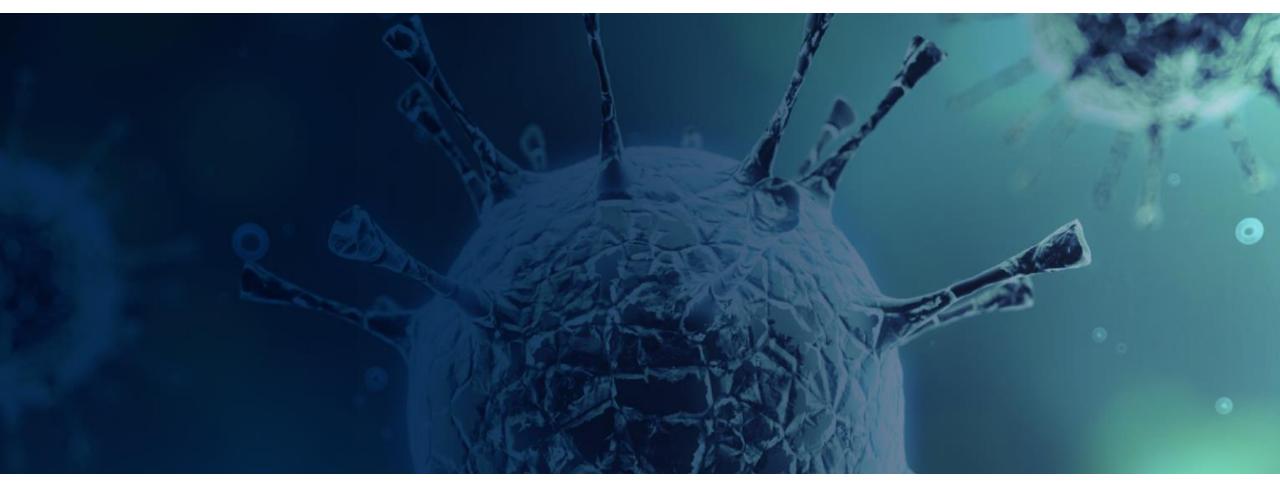


^{*}Subject to confirmation by regulatory authorities

[†] Non-Hodgkin lymphoma

^{††}PCNSL = Primary CNS Lymphoma

Autilus



Adult Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia
AUTO1— Potential as a standalone therapy

No approved CAR T therapy for adult ALL patients



Successful therapy requires high level of activity and sustained persistence paired with good tolerability

ALL is a significant opportunity

Up to **8,400*** new cases of adult ALL diagnosed yearly worldwide

Estimated R/R patients in US & EU **3,000** addressable patient population in last line setting

HIGH UNMET MEDICAL NEED

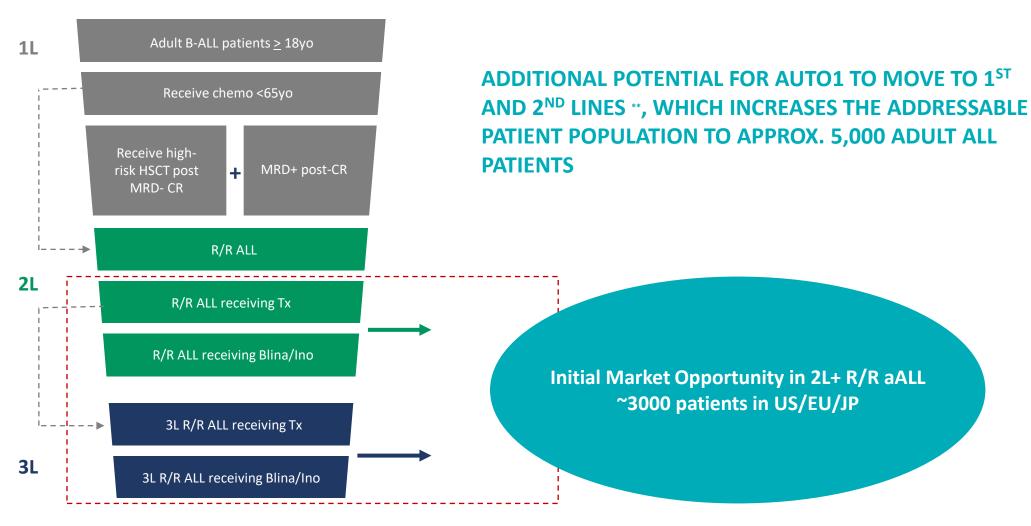
- Combination chemotherapy enables 90% of adult ALL patients to experience CR, but only 30% to 40% will achieve long-term remission
- Median overall survival is < 1 year in r/r ALL
- Only redirected T cell therapy for adult patients is blinatumomab
- CAR T therapies are highly active, but require subsequent allograft to achieve durability
- Patients are generally more fragile with co-morbidities, yet CAR T toxicities in this setting have been notable with high incidences of severe CRS and cases of fatal CRS and neurotoxicity
- High medical need spans from front line consolidation of high risk patients to refractory and relapsed patients in 2L and 3L

FDA GRANTED ORPHAN DRUG DESIGNATION FOR AUTO1 IN ALL

^{*}SEER and EUCAN estimates (respectively) for US and EU epi

Adult ALL is a promising commercial opportunity with limited competition





^{*}Company estimate, based on US, EU5 and Japan

^{**}Subject to successful clinical progress





Challenge	Product Property	CAR T Feature	Benefit
Fast proliferating disease	Very high level of anti- leukemic activity	Rapid CAR T mediated kill and high level of CAR T expansion	High response rates
Almost stem cell like nature of leukemic cells	Sustain long term pressure on leukemia	Long CAR T persistence	Durable responses
Poor patient condition	Good tolerability	Minimize high grade CRS and NT	Manageable AE profile



CRS (Lee Criteria)	Neurotoxicity (ICANS*)	≥ Grade 3 Neutropenia	1
 CRS (any) in 10/20 Grade 2 in 7/20 ≥ Grade 3 CRS in 0/20 	 ICANS (any) in 4/20 Grade 2 in 1/20 Grade 3 in 3/20 	7/20 preceded treatment8/17 at D28, most resolvingby Month 2-3	

Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)

- 50% developed CRS G1 and G2, all patients who developed G2 CRS had high disease burden B-ALL
- No high-grade CRS observed
- Tocilizumab was used in 7/20 patients (35%)

Neurotoxicity (ICANS)

- ICANS was reported in 4/20 patients: all had ≥ 50% blasts; all cases were preceded by CRS
- 3/4 cases resolved to G1 in <24h
 with steroids, 1/4 cases resolved to
 G1 in 72h with steroids

7/20 patients died on study:

- 2/20 died from progressive
 B-ALL and 1 died
 post-progression from
 allo-transplant-related complications
 (VOD/sepsis)
- 4/20 died from infection: 2 due to invasive fungal, 1 MDRpseudomonas, 1 of COVID-19

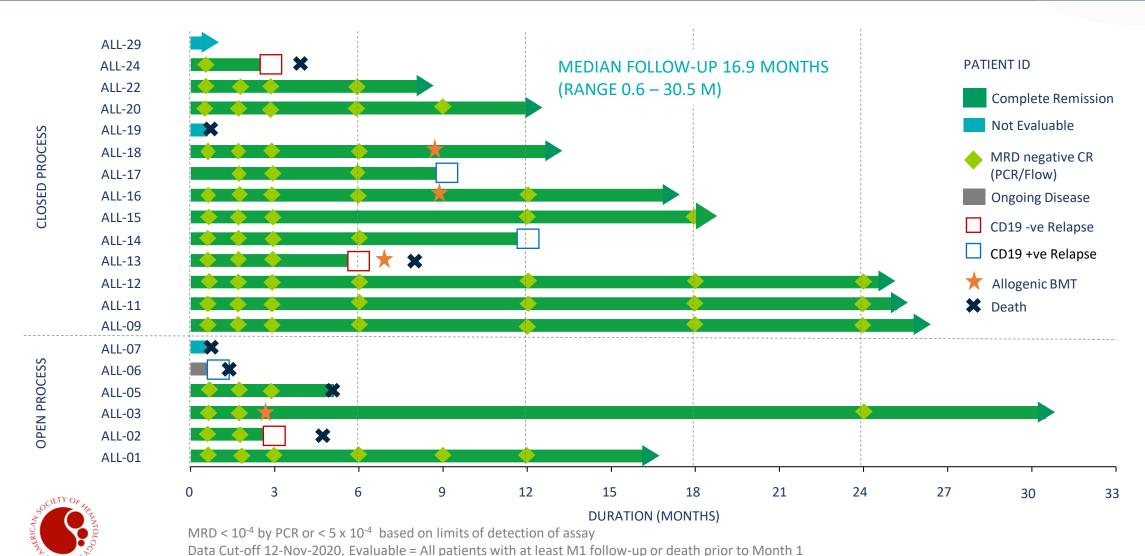
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^{*} Immune Effector Cell Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome CRS & NT will be graded using the ASTCT/ASBMT Consensus Grading (Lee et al. 2019)

Responses are durable without need for transplant

Autlus

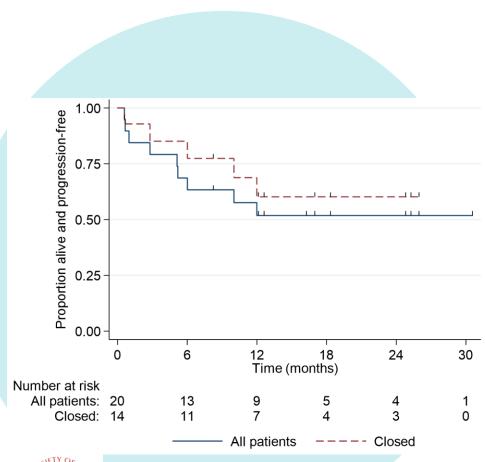
MRD negative CRs ongoing past 24 months observed



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Event-free survival of 52% at 12 months supports AUTO1's unique profile





		All patients Est [95% CI]	Closed processł Est [95% CI]
	N* ORR MRD Neg CR	19 84% 84%	13 92% 92%
DOR			
	Median	Not reached	Not reached
 	6 months	81% [52%, 94%]	83% [48%, 96%]
	12 months	68% [39%, 85%]	65% [31%, 85%]
EFS			
	Median	Not reached	Not reached
	6 months	69% [43%, 85%]	85% [52%, 96%]
	12 months	52% [28%, 71%]	60% [29%, 81%]
OS			
	Median	Not reached	Not reached
	6 months	68% [43%, 84%]	85% [51%, 96%]
 	12 months	63% [37%, 80%]	76% [43%, 92%]



^{*}N = All patients with at least M1 follow-up or RIP prior to Month 1 † Closed process is the commercial manufacturing process Event = death or morphological relapse DOR, EFS and OS data are preliminary considering the small n

AUTO1 has potential as a standalone therapy



A cross study comparison of AUTO1 vs current standard of care

	AUTO1 ¹
	All patients
Patient Numbers	19
CR/ CRi Rate	84%
EFS 6m (EFS 12m)	69% (52%)
CRS ≥ Grade 3 [†]	0%
Neurotox ≥ Grade 3 [†]	15%*
Other notable toxicities	

Observed in patients with > 50% tumor burden
1. Roddie et al., ASH 2020
2. Kantarjian et al., 2017/ USPI (product label)
3. Kantarjian et al., 2016/ USPI (product label)
†20 patients evaluable for safety

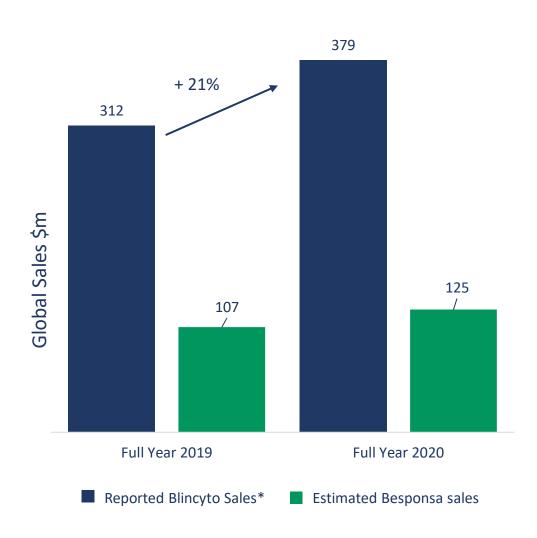
Standard of Care			
Blinatumomab ²	Inotuzumab³		
271	109		
44%	80.7%		
31%	mPFS 5m		
3%	0%		
13%	0%		
	14% Hepatic VoD		

- Approximately 50% of blinatumomab and inotuzumab patients received subsequent HSCT
- O Veno-Occlusive Disease (VoD) during treatment and following subsequent HSCT, with the latter causing a higher post-HSCT non-relapse mortality rate, has limited inotuzumab uptake

AUTO1 could launch into an expanding market



Benefitting from a potentially superior clinical profile



- Blincyto sales price estimated to be \$178k[±] (based on 2 cycles)
 resulting in approx. 2,100 commercial patients (of which approx. 85%
 are >18 years **)
- Growth attributed by Amgen* to expansion in the community hospital segment growing the market beyond academic transplant centers, continued strong growth at 29% y-o-y for Q4
- O Kymriah is priced at \$475k in pediatric ALL. Breyanzi (lisocabtagene maraleucel) is priced at \$410k in DLBCL^{±±}.
- Breyanzi and other CAR T cell therapies are expanding delivery centre footprint
- AUTO1 expected to have a superior clinical profile
 - Expected to be only potentially curative therapy with a tolerability profile to take advantage of an expanding delivery footprint

^{**} Komodo Health 2015 - 2020

[±] https://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/836879

^{± ±} Bristol Myers finally wins FDA approval for cancer cell therapy | BioPharma Dive



AUTO1 is the first Autolus program to move into a pivotal program

Pivotal program,
FELIX, in adult ALL
enrolling with full
data targeted in 2022

CTA approved
by the MHRA
in January 2020 and
US IND accepted by
the FDA in
April 2020

- Ph1b run-in component, prior to single arm Ph2 pivotal study
- 100 relapsed/refractory adult ALL patients
- Primary endpoint: Overall Complete Response Rate (CR/CRi)
- Secondary endpoints: include MRDnegative CR EFS and DoR

Capitalizing on the unique profile of AUTO1 in adult ALL



Exploration of AUTO1 activity in additional B-Cell malignancies

PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE 1	PHASE 1B/2
AUTO1	Adult ALL	CD19	ALLCAR19	FELIX
AUTO1	iNHL & CLL	CD19	ALLCAR19 ext.	
AUTO1	Primary CNS Lymphoma*	CD19	CAROUSEL	
AUTO1/22	Pediatric ALL	CD19 & CD22	CARPALL ext.	

OPPORTUNITY TO PURSUE IN EARLIER LINES OF THERAPY AND INDICATIONS OF ADULT ALL

^{*}Primary CNS lymphoma annual incidence approx.1400 cases in the US.

Initial data suggest encouraging signals in other B cell malignancies ALLCAR19 Study extension Cohort 1: Extending to Indolent NHL

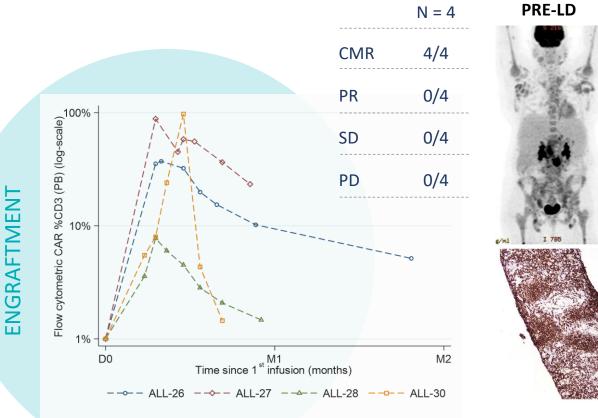


MONTH 1

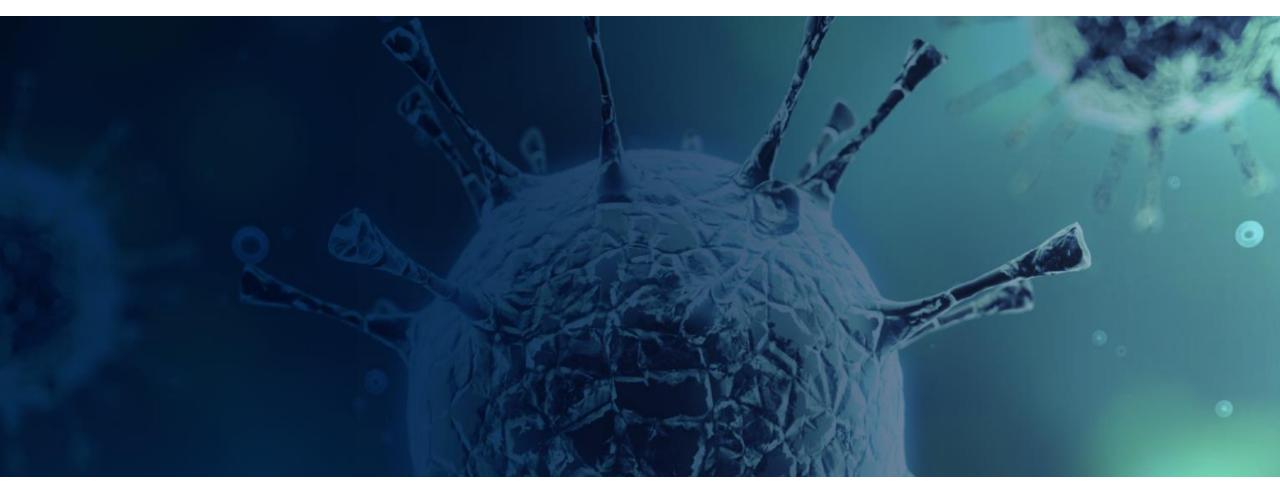
TOXICITY

	N = 4
CRS	
Any grade	3/4
≥ Grade 2	0/4
Neurotoxicity (ICANS)	
Any grade	0/4
	·
≥ Grade 3 Neutropenia	
Day -6	0/4
Day 28	0/4

RESPONSES BASED ON LUGANO CRITERIA AND IHC (CD20)







Diffuse Large B Cell Lymphoma AUTO3 — tailored for DLBCL

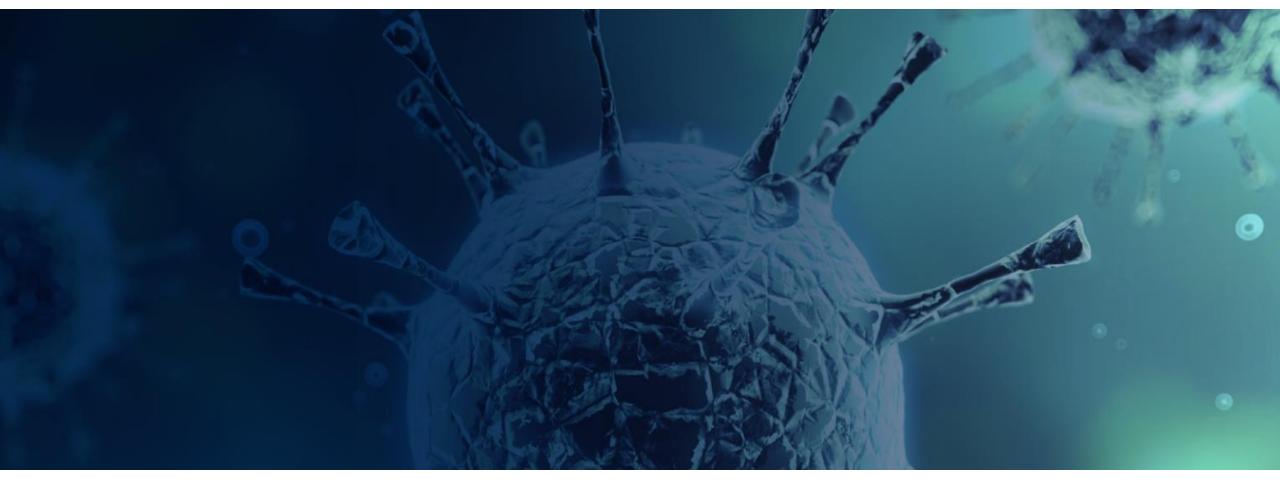
AUTO3 continues to show differentiated product profile in DLBCL



Data presented at ASH 2020, with data cut-off date of October 30, 2020

- Key Phase 1 observations:
 - High level of complete remissions (CR) of 51% overall
 - At the highest dose level of 450M cells the CR rate was 73%
 - Very low levels of high-grade CRS and neurotoxicity
 - AUTO3 administration together with the pembrolizumab dosing regimens (D-1 and D14/D35/D56) were well tolerated
 - Among the five patients who achieved a CR having received 3 doses of pembrolizumab, none had progressed as of the data cut-off date
 - Demonstrated feasibility to administer AUTO3 in outpatient setting

- Potential path forward for development of AUTO3
 - Phase 2 designs under evaluation:
 - 3L r/r DLBCL setting
 - 2L/3L transplant ineligible DLBCL setting
 - Planned Phase 2 dosing regimen
 - Dose range of 150M to 450M cells, as patients benefitted from therapy at 150M, 300M and 450M cell dose levels
 - 3 doses of pembrolizumab with a schedule of D-1, D28, D56
 - Implement manufacturing process enhancements (incl. stable cell line for vector manufacturing)



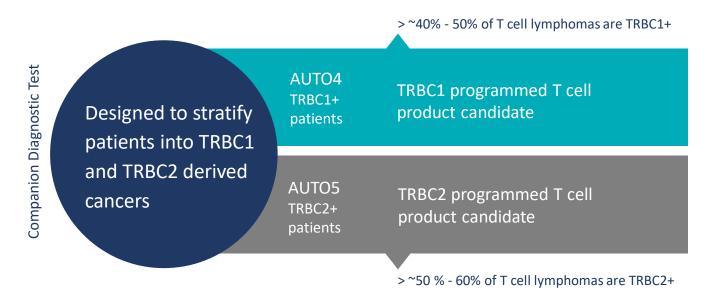
T Cell Lymphoma AUTO4 and AUTO 5 — tailored for T Cell Lymphoma

T Cell Lymphoma



No standard of care after first relapse and no T cell therapy approved

AUTOLUS USES THREE KEY ELEMENTS TO ADDRESS T CELL LYMPHOMAS—AUTO4, AUTO5 AND A COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC TEST



- T cell lymphoma is an aggressive disease with a very poor prognosis for patients
- Median 5 yrs OS: 32%
- Standard of care is variable and often based on high-dose chemotherapy and stem cell transplants
- A large portion of T cell lymphoma patients are refractory to or relapse following treatment with standard therapies
- T cell lymphomas have not, so far, benefited from advances in immunotherapeutic approaches
- AUTO4 Phase 1 interim data expected in H2 2021
- AUTO5 to enter Phase 1 study in H2 2021

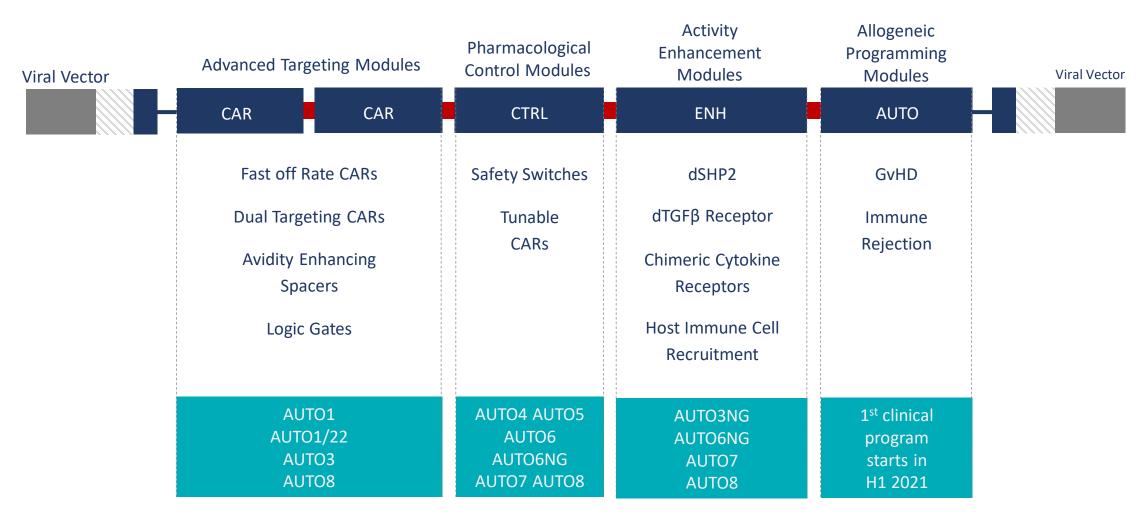


Pipeline

Modular T cell programming is foundation for next generation programs

A broad toolkit which is core to our strategy of modular innovation Advanced T cell programming



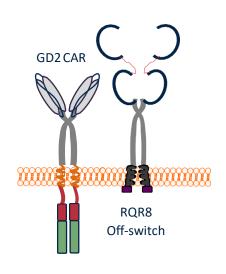


AUTO6 designed to deliver anti-tumor activity without neurotoxicity

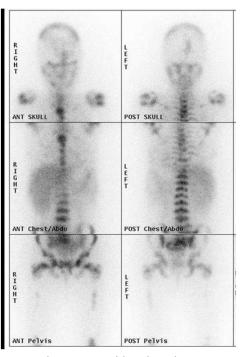


AUTO6: GD2-targeted programmed T cell therapy in neuroblastoma

- Programmed T cell product candidate:
 - New binder design
 - Minimize on-target, off-tumor toxicity
 - Humanized to reduce immunogenicity
 - RQR8 safety switch
- Ph1 trial in r/r neuroblastoma conducted by CRUK in collaboration with UCL, findings provide evidence that AUTO6 induces clinical activity without inducing on-target off-tumor toxicity*

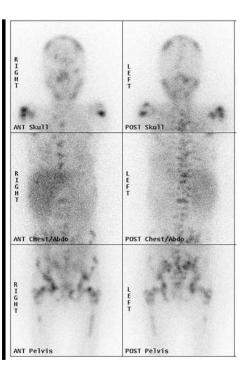


DAY 0



MIBG: iodine-123-meta-iodobenzylguanidine

DAY 28



^{*}K. Straathof et al, 25 Nov 2020, Science Translational Medicine, Vol. 12, Issue 571

Modular approach designed to enhance AUTO6NG for solid tumor environment



Next generation programs powered by our proprietary technology toolbox



To provide anti-tumor activity and potential to help address neurotoxicity and pain syndrome

AUTO6

SAFETY SWITCH
To eliminate the therapy in the event of unexpected toxicities

dSHP2

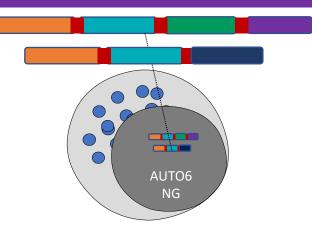
To overcome multiple checkpoint pathways

Cytokine Signal

IL7 CCR chimeric protein designed to improve CAR T cell persistence

dnTGF\u00e3RII Receptor

To overcome inhibitory effect of TGFβ in microenvironment



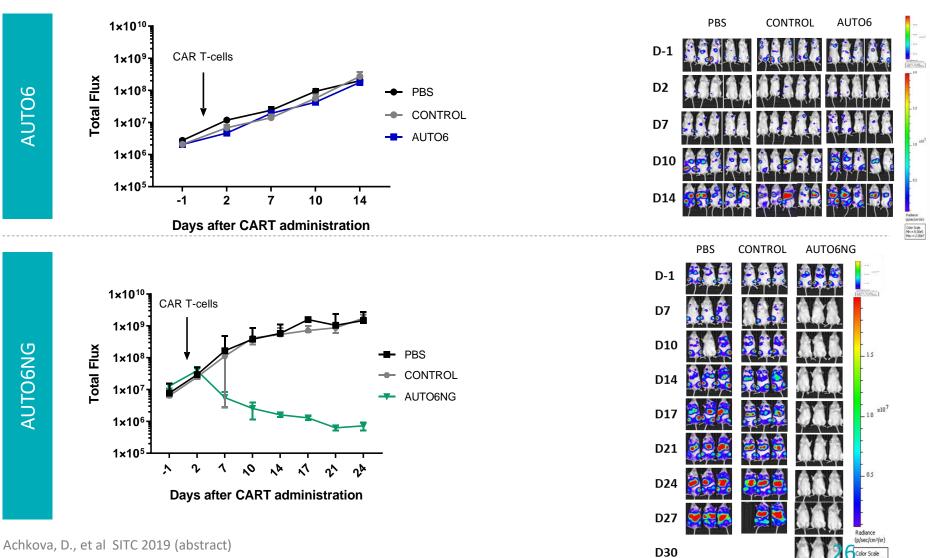
AUTO6NG:

- Utilizes GD2 CAR from AUTO6, and is further enhanced to address persistence, control and tumor defenses
- Targeting neuroblastoma, osteosarcoma, melanoma and small cell lung cancer amongst others

AUTO6NG exhibits potent anti-tumor activity in preclinical model

Aut•lus

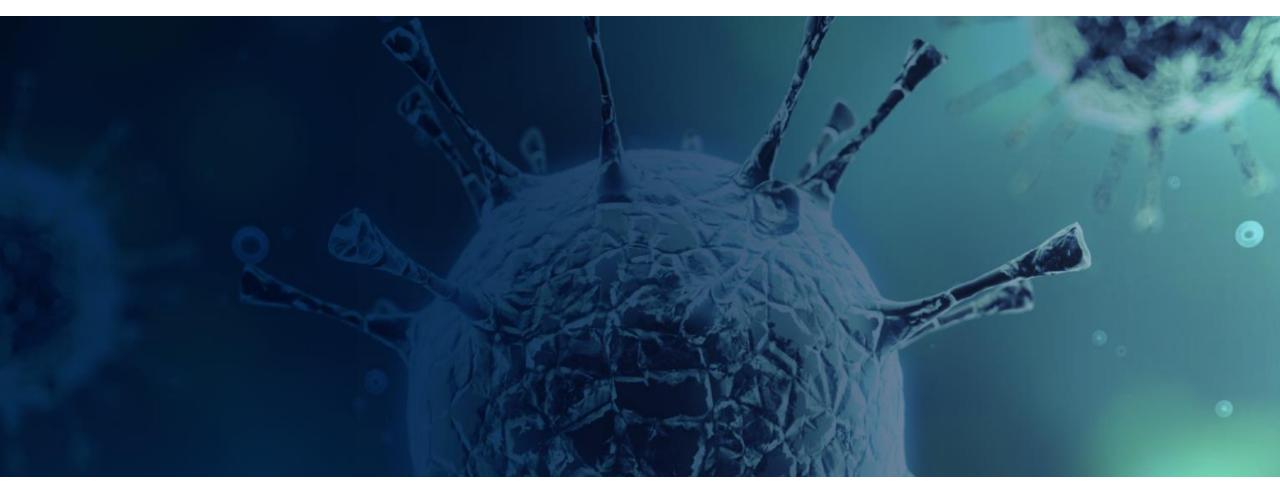
Extends survival in challenging in vivo model



AUTO6NG Summary



- O Neuroblastoma, osteosarcoma and Ewing's sarcoma are high medical need pediatric solid tumors
- All show homogeneous expression of GD2 on their surface
- AUTO6 targeting GD2 has demonstrated therapeutic window in pediatric patients with neuroblastoma
- Building on AUTO6 with it clinically validated CAR to GD2, additional modules were introduced in AUTO6NG to improve CAR T cells resilience and survival in hostile tumor environment
- Program has received a rare pediatric disease designation from the FDA
- AUTO6NG is expected to enter P1 clinical trial end of 2021



Next Steps

Multiple clinical milestones anticipated through 2021/2022



PRODUCT	INDICATION	TARGET	PHASE	NEXT MILESTONE
AUTO1	Adult ALL	CD19	Pivotal*	Phase 1 long-term follow up, AL-1 data in 2022
AUTO1 /22	Pediatric ALL	CD19/CD22	Phase 1	Started Phase 1 Q4 2020, data in Q4 2021
AUTO1	B-NHL	CD19	Phase 1	Started Phase 1 Q3 2020, data updates 2021
AUTO1	PCNSL	CD19	Phase 1	Start Phase 1 Q1 2021
AUTO3	DLBCL	CD19/CD22	Phase 1	Phase 1 long-term follow up, intend to partner
AUTO4	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC1+ Peripheral TCL	Phase 1	Phase 1 interim data H2 2021
AUTO5	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	TRBC2+ Peripheral TCL	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H2 2021
AUTO6 NG	Neuroblastoma; Osteosarcoma; SCLC	GD2	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H2 2021
AUTO7	Prostate	PSMA	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H1 2022
AUTO8	Multiple Myeloma	BCMA/CAR-X	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 study mid 2021
ALLO Program	Undisclosed	Undisclosed	Preclinical	Start Phase 1 H1 2021

^{*}Subject to confirmation by regulatory authorities.











Autolus poised for potential value inflection



AUTO1 and AUTO1/22

- AUTO1 INN name (Obecabtagene Autoleucel, or Obe-cel) has been published and PRIME status received from EMA
- Currently enrolling Autolus' first Phase 1b/2 potential pivotal program (FELIX) in adult ALL. Data expected in 2022
- Pediatric ALL AUTO1/22 Phase 1 started in Dec 2020, first data expected for Q4 2021
- ALLCAR study extension in iNHL and CLL ongoing, data updates to be released at EHA 2021
- Opportunity to develop AUTO1 in Primary CNS Lymphoma, CAROUSEL study start planned for Q1 2021

O AUTO3

Company plans to seek a partner for the AUTO3 program, prior to further development

O AUTO4

- Phase 1 interim data expected in 2021
- Multiple next generation development candidates entering clinical development in 2021
- Including January proceeds under at-the-market program and February 2021 raise, cash runway into H1 2023
- O Cash Balance at Dec 31, 2020 was approx. \$153.3m, not including \$123.4m in net proceeds from the sale of ADSs in Q1 2021



Thank you